



SIMPLE IRA

New Account Forms

IRA Express, Inc. PO Box 9 Cedar City, UT 84721 Phone: 888-328-8008 Fax: 435-867-1042 Email: <u>ira.admin@iraxp.com</u> Web: <u>www.iraxp.com</u>



	Welcome to IRA Express!
Account Opening Instruc	tions
<i>Step 1</i> Complete the IRA Express Account Application	Complete and print the new account application. After you review it for accuracy, sign, date, and deliver the application to IRA Express.
<i>Step 2</i> Complete the Fee Schedule	 Choose the annual fee option that best fits your situation. Choose to have your fees based on either the number of assets owned in your account, or on the value of your assets. Look at other fees that may apply to your account and contact IRA Express if you have any questions. Sign and return the Fee Schedule with your account application.
Step 3 Fund Your Account	 Transfer Form: Complete this form to transfer funds from an IRA you have with another custodian. If you would like to transfer funds from more than one IRA, fill out a separate form for each account. Each transfer form must be accompanied with a copy of your current custodian's IRA statement. Contact your current Trustee/Custodian to inquire if a Medallion Signature Guarantee is required. If required, one should be obtained from an authorized member of the Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program (STAMP). Check with your local bank or broker/dealer to see if they offer this service. Note: a Notary Public is not acceptable. If you are transferring a Brokerage IRA and wish to transfer as cash, you will need to liquidate the appropriate assets prior to completing and submitting the Account Transfer Form. Rollover/Direct Rollover Certification Form: Complete this form if you take a distribution from your previous IRA custodian or if you are directly rolling assets over to your IRA from an employer plan. To avoid taxes or penalties, make sure the rollover is done within 60 days from the time you take a distribution. Deposit Coupon: Complete this form to fund your account with an annual contribution.
Step 4 Provide a copy of your Photo ID	 Make sure the copy of your non-expired ID is clear and legible. If your signature is on the back of the ID, include a copy of the front and back. Compare the signature on your valid ID to the signature on your application to ensure that it matches. If the address on your ID is not current, attach a copy of a current utility bill.
<i>Step 5</i> SIMPLE IRA Account Agreement & Disclosure	 The SIMPLE IRA Account Agreement and Disclosure (Form 5305-SA): Defines employee eligibility, contributions and other requirements and provisions for establishing a SIMPLE IRA plan Defines the terms and conditions of a SIMPLE IRA account as well as acceptable and prohibited transactions, your rights, and the process of making contributions and distributions. Employers must download and complete the last page of the SIMPLE IRA Account Agreement and Disclosure. This disclosure contains a mandatory application and instructions for employers establishing a SIMPLE IRA plan as well as information for employees. Please read and retain this document as it contains important information pertaining to your account. You <i>must</i> receive and read this disclosure in order to open an account.



SIMPLE IRA Account Opening Instructions

	 The documents below are optional and are not required; however, they may be useful when managing your account. To obtain copies of these forms, please contact IRA Express, or visit www.iraxp.com. Interested Party Designation Form: Complete this form to allow a designated individual to obtain your account information. 	
Step 6		
-	Limited Power of Attorney: Complete this form to allow a designated individual to conduct transactions within your account, with the exception of closing the account or directing distributions	
Optional Documents	and transfers.	
	Deposit Coupon: Use this form if making a contribution to your account or to provide documentation for other deposits received by your IRA.	
	Wire Instructions Form: Complete this form for outgoing wires.	
Send the original account app	lication paperwork, a copy of your photo identification, and a check for the account set-up fee to:	
	IRA Express, Inc.	
	PO Box 9	
	Cedar City, Utah 84721-0009	

- When your account is established you will receive a welcome letter in the mail containing your account number.
- Account Transfers usually require 2 to 4 weeks to complete. Please contact your current custodian to expedite an account transfer.
- To initiate a Direct Rollover from an employer sponsored plan you will need to contact your plan administrator.

Please contact IRA Express at 888-328-8008 if you have any questions or need assistance with the account opening process.

Thank you for considering IRA Express for your self-directed retirement needs. We look forward to serving you!



PO Box 9 Cedar City, UT 84721 Phone: 888-328-8008 Fax: 435-867-1042

Owner Information

Mr. Mrs. Ms.						Account Number INTERNAL USE ONLY							
SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBI	ER												
DATE OF BIRTH			OCCI	UPATIO	N						TIT	ΈE	
LEGAL ADDRESS (Cannot be a PO I	Box)										PH	ONE	
CITY	COUNTY				STATE			ZIP			CE	Ц	
MAILING ADDRESS SAME AS A	BOVE										FA	X	
CITY	COUNTY				STATE		ZIP EMAIL				EN	IAIL	
Check the Appropriate Box to Ind	licate Your N	larital Sta	atus	I									
SINGLE				MARRIE	Đ						🗌 v	VIDOWED OR DIVORCED	
Part 2 Referral Source)												
How did you hear about us?													
INTERNET SEARCH IRA	EXPRESS EM		PUBLIC	: Marke	ETING EV	/ENT] socia	L MEDI	a 🗌	PRESS	RELEAS	SE 🗌 OTHER:	
CLIENT REFERRAL (ENTER NAME)													
BUSINESS ASSOCIATE REFERR	AL (ENTER NAM	IE)								C] PRC	DMOTIONAL CODE:	_
Part 3 New Account Ir	nformatio	on											
Choose the type of account you v	vould like to	open										I	
TRADITIONAL IRA		SEP IRA					SIN	1PLE IR	A			BENEFICIARY IRA	
🗌 ROTH IRA		se attach the RA Agreeme			A Express		Please att IRA Agree			of the IRA E re	xpress SI	MPLE Account will be titled: Your Name, b/o Decease Name	d
	Em	ployer Na	ime:				Employer Name:					Original IRA Holder's Name:	
Part 4 Account Notific	ations &	Optior	าร										
Would you like to have online access to your account statements? Yes (Account statements will be mailed annually) No			Would Yes		e to rec	eive em	ail noti	fications regarding changes to your account	?				
Part 5 Funding Inform	ation												
How will you be funding your acc	ount?												
Annual Contribution		IRA Trai	nsfer				🗌 Rol	lover				Direct Rollover	
\$ Year:	Trar Plar \$	nsfer from ar I.	ו existing II	IRA or Emp	bloyer Spor	isored	Take recei reinvestin \$			r up to 60 e ent plan.	lays befc	re Rollover from an Employer Sponsored Plan \$	



Part 6 Beneficiary Information (If needed, please use a Beneficiary Designation Form to add more beneficiaries.)

I designate the following person(s) named below as my Primary and/or Contingent Beneficiaries of my plan. If the Primary or Contingent box is not checked for a beneficiary, the beneficiary will be deemed to be a Primary Beneficiary. In the event of my death, the balance in the account shall be paid to the Primary Beneficiaries who survive me in equal shares (or in the specified shares, as indicated). If none of the Primary Beneficiaries survive me, the balance in the account shall be paid to the Contingent Beneficiaries who survive me in equal shares (or in the specified shares, as indicated). If any Primary or Contingent Beneficiary does not survive me, such beneficiary's interest and the interest of such beneficiary's heirs shall terminate completely, and the share for any remaining Primary or Contingent Beneficiary shall be increased on a pro rata basis. If no Primary or Contingent Beneficiary survives me, the remaining balance in the account shall be distributed in accordance with the plan provisions to my estate.

If I named a Beneficiary which is a Trust, I understand that I must supply a copy or abstract of the Trust.

1. PRIMARY CONTINGENT			
NAME		SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER	
ADDRESS	CITY, STATE, ZIP		RELATIONSHIP
DATE OF BIRTH		SHARE %	
2. PRIMARY CONTINGENT			
NAME		SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER	
ADDRESS	CITY, STATE, ZIP		RELATIONSHIP
DATE OF BIRTH		SHARE %	
3. PRIMARY CONTINGENT			
NAME		SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER	
ADDRESS	CITY, STATE, ZIP		RELATIONSHIP
DATE OF BIRTH		SHARE %	

PART 7 SPOUSAL CONSENT (Only required if your spouse is not named the primary beneficiary)

The consent of spouse must be signed only if all of the following conditions are present:					
 A. Your spouse is not the sole primary beneficiary named and; B. You and your spouse are residents of a community property state (such as AZ, CA, ID, NV, MN, TX, WA, or WI) 					
	iewed the Designation of Beneficiary Form and I understand that I have a legal interest in ficiary other than, or in addition to, myself as primary beneficiary. I further acknowledge ny spouse dies. , hereby consent to the above Beneficiary designation.				
Spouse Signature	_ Date				



PART 8 Appointment of Custodian, Investment Direction, and Important Disclosures

Your signature is required. Please read before signing.

The account holder shown on the front of this application must read this agreement carefully and sign and date this part. By signing this application, you acknowledge the following:

Appointment. I appoint the institution as shown on the account agreement, provided separately, as the Custodian of my Account ("Custodian"), and understand that the Custodial Account Agreement and my Application comprise my agreement with the Administrator and Custodian as defined in the account agreement. The Administrator may change custodians to any institution permitted by law or by the undersigned. Written direction shall be construed so as to include facsimile signature. The account is established for the exclusive benefit of the Account holder or his/her beneficiaries.

Adequate Information. I acknowledge that I have received a copy of the Plan Agreement, Disclosure Statement and appropriate Financial/Fee Disclosures. I understand that the terms and conditions, which apply to this Account, and are contained in these documents. I agree to be bound by those terms and conditions. If this is an IRA, I understand that within seven (7) days from the date that I submit this paperwork to the Administrator, I may revoke it without penalty by mailing or delivering a written notice to the Administrator.

Responsibility for Tax Consequences. I assume all responsibility for any tax consequences and penalties that may result from making contributions to, transactions with, and distributions from my Account. I am authorized and of legal age to establish this Account and make investment purchases permitted under the Plan Agreement offered by the Custodian. I assume complete responsibility for: 1) Determining that I am eligible for an Account transaction that I direct the custodian to make on my behalf; 2) Insuring that all contributions I make are within the limits set forth by the tax laws; 3) The tax consequences of any contribution (including rollover contributions and distributions).

I certify under penalties of perjury:

1) that I have provided you with my correct Social Security or Tax I.D. Number; and 2) that I am not subject to backup withholding because: a) I am exempt from backup withholding; or b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends; or c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding. You must cross out item 2 if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because of under reporting interest or dividends on your tax return.

Except as described above, we will not release information about you to others unless you or a representative whom you have authorized in writing have consented or asked us to do so, or we are required by law or other regulatory authority.

The Internal Revenue Service does not require your consent to any provision of this document other than the certification required to avoid backup withholding.

Until such time as I change or revoke the designation, I hereby instruct the Custodian to follow the investment directions which I provide to Administrator in investing and reinvesting the principal and interest, as confirmed by direction letters to Administrator from the undersigned, for the above-referenced Account or other Custodial account for which Administrator serves as record keeper. You are authorized to accept written direction and/or verbal direction which is subsequently confirmed in writing by the authorized party, Administrator, or by the undersigned. Written direction shall be construed so as to include facsimile signature.

The account is established for the exclusive benefit of the Account holder or his/her beneficiaries. In taking action based on this authorization Custodian and Administrator may act solely on the written instruction, designation or representation of the Account holder. I expressly certify that I take complete responsibility for the type of investment instrument(s) with which I choose to fund my Account. I agree to release, indemnify, defend and hold the Administrator and/or Custodian harmless from any claims, including, but not limited to, actions, liabilities, losses, penalties, fines and/or third party claims, arising out of my account and/or in connection with any action taken in reliance upon my written instructions, designations and representations, or in the exercise of any right, power or duty of Custodian and/or Administrator, its agents or assigns. Custodian and/or Administrator may deduct from the account any amounts to which they are entitled to the reimbursement under the foregoing hold harmless provision. Custodian and/or Administrator have no responsibility or fiduciary role whatever related to or in connection with the account in taking any action related to any purchase, sale or exchange instructed by the undersigned or the undersigned's agents, including but not limited to suitability, compliance with any state or federal law or regulation, income or expense, or preservation of capital or income.

In the event of claims by others related to my account and/or investment wherein Administrator and/or Custodian is named as a party, Administrator and/or Custodian shall have the full and unequivocal right at their sole discretion to select their own attorneys to represent them in such litigation and deduct from my account any amounts to pay for any costs and expenses, including, but not limited to, all attorneys' fees, and costs and internal costs (collectively "Litigation Costs"), incurred by Administrator and/or Custodian in the defense of such claims and/or litigation. If there are insufficient funds in my account to cover the Litigation Costs incurred by Administrator and/or Custodian, on demand by Administrator and/or Custodian, I will promptly reimburse Administrator and/or Custodian the outstanding balance of the Litigation Costs. If I fail to promptly reimburse the Litigation Costs, Administrator and/or Custodian shall have the full and unequivocal right to freeze my assets, liquidate my assets, and/or initiate legal action in order to obtain full reimbursement of the Litigation Costs. I also understand and agree that the Administrator and/or Custodian will not be responsible to take any action should there be any default with regard to this investment. I understand that no one at the Administrator and/or Custodian has authority to agree to anything different than my foregoing understandings of the Administrator's and/or Custodian's policy. For purposes of this disclosure, the terms Administrator and Custodian include IRA Express, Inc., its agents, assigns, joint ventures, affiliates and/or business associates.

In executing transfers, it is understood and agreed that I will not hold Custodian and/or Administrator liable or responsible for anything done or omitted in the administration, custody or investments of the account prior to the date they shall complete their respective acceptance as successor Custodian and Administrator and shall be in possession of all of the assets, nor shall they have any duty or responsibility to inquire into or take any action with respect to any acts performed by the prior Custodian or Administrator.

If any provision of this Application is found to be illegal, invalid, void or unenforceable, such provision shall be severed and such illegality or invalidity shall not affect the remaining provisions, which shall remain in full force and effect.

Not Responsible for Market Condition Variances: I understand that I have agreed and instructed the Custodian to follow the investment directions which I provide to Administrator in investing the principal, as confirmed by written direction letters or instructions to Administrator from the undersigned for the above-referenced Account or other Custodial account for which Administrator serves as record keeper. I further understand that some transactions that I may direct or instruct Administrator to complete, especially commodities such as precious metals, that may be dependent upon the operation of global markets and entities, there could be fluctuations in price and condition of said investments from the time that I issue a direction letter to Administrator and the time when the transaction can actually be completed and recorded in my Account. I hereby agree to release, indemnify, defend and hold Administrator and Custodian harmless from any claims regarding the fluctuation in prices and/or conditions of any transaction I direct or instruct Administrator to make on my behalf. I further agree to waive any claims that I may have, past, present or future, known or unknown, anticipated or unanticipated, with respect to the fluctuation or change in the price or condition of any investment that I direct or instruct Administrator to make from the time I deliver my direction or instruction letter to Administrator until the time the transaction is actually completed and recorded to my Account.

IRA Express Account Application Page 3 of 4



PART 8 Appointment of Custodian, Investment Direction, and Important Disclosures (Continued)

I understand that this hold harmless and release shall apply equally to the Administrator and Custodian.

Important Information for Opening a New Account. To comply with the USA PATRIOT ACT, we have adopted a Customer Identification Program. All new accounts must provide a copy of an unexpired, photo-bearing, government- issued identification (e.g., driver license or passport). The copy must be readable so we can verify the client's name, driver's license number, etc.

Our Privacy Policy. You have chosen to do business with the Custodian and Administrator named on this application. As our client, the privacy of your personal non-public information is very important. We value our customer relationships and we want you to understand the protections we provide in regard to your accounts with us.

Information We May Collect. We collect non-public personal information about you from the following sources to conduct business with you:

- Information we receive from you on applications or other forms;
- Information about your transactions with us, or others;

Non-public personal information is non-public information about you that we may obtain in connection with providing financial products or services to you. This could include information you give us from account applications, account balances, and account history.

Information We May Share. We do not sell or disclose any non-public information about you to anyone, except as permitted by law or as specifically authorized by you. We do not share non-public personal information with our affiliates or other providers without prior approval by you. Federal law allows us to share information with providers that process and service your accounts. All providers of services in connection with the custodian and administrator have agreed to the custodian and administrator's confidentiality and security policies. If you decide to close your account(s) or become an inactive customer, we will adhere to the privacy policies and practices as described in this notice.

Confidentiality and Security. We restrict access to non-public personal information to those employees who need to know that information to provide products and services to you. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural guidelines that comply with federal standards to guard your non-public personal information. The Administrator reserves the right to revise this notice and will notify you of any changes in advance.

If you have any questions regarding this policy or the other information and disclosures listed previously, please contact us at the address and or telephone number listed on this application

PART 9 Account Owner Signature and Acknowledgement

I acknowledge receipt of a Fee Disclosure and receipt of the Account Agreement and Disclosure Statement and agree to abide by their terms as currently in effect or as they may be amended from time to time. I understand that failure to submit a signed Fee Disclosure will result in fees "based on value of assets" (See "Fee Disclosures.").

The Custodian has delegated certain Custodial Account recordkeeping and administrative functions to IRA Express, Inc., a Utah Corporation, as the Administrator of your selfdirected retirement account.

I understand that I may change or add beneficiaries at any time by completing and delivering the Beneficiary Form to the Administrator.

I declare that I have examined this document, including accompanying information, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, it is true, correct, and complete. I acknowledge I have read the fee disclosure, the account agreement and account disclosure statement and agree to abide by their terms as currently in effect or as they may be amended from time to time. If you would like to give permission to another individual to access your account information (such as your spouse or other individual), you will need to complete the Limited Power of Attorney form or Interested Party Designation form. PLEASE PRINT, SIGN AND SUBMIT THIS FORM TO IRA EXPRESS.

SIGNATURE	DATE



Part 1 Account Owner Information

NAME (as it appears on your account application)	ACCOUNT NUMBER	ACCOUNT TYPE			
		TRADITIONAL IRA	ROTH IRA	SEP IRA	SIMPLE IRA
EMAIL ADDRESS		DAYTIME PHONE NUMB	ER		

Part 2 Choose Your Annual Fee Option*

OPTION 1: Based on Number of Assets: \$295 Per Asset

\$295 per asset and/or liability, per year, paid at the time of acquisition. For example, 1 investment is \$295 per year, 3 investments are \$885 per year.

OPTION 2: Based on Total Account Value** (*Minimum of \$195 per year, Maximum of \$1,975 per year*)

If the account value is between:	Multiply value by:	Incremental fee increase per tier:
\$0 and \$20,000	0.00975	\$195
\$20,001 and \$80,000	0.0065	\$390
\$80,001 and \$180,000	0.0045	\$450
\$180,001 and \$300,000	0.0035	\$420
\$300,001 and \$500,000	0.0020	\$400
\$500,001 and up	0.0015	Variable

*Annual Record Keeping fees are paid in full at the time of account establishment or asset acquisition and then divided into four quarterly payments each following year due January 1st, April 2st, July 1st, and October 1st *Fees under Option 2: Based on Total Account Value are charged on an incremental basis. For example, if your account value is \$350,000 your annual fee will be \$1,555 (\$195 + \$390 + \$450 + \$420 + (\$50,000*0.0020).

Part 3 Other Administrative & Transaction Fees

Account Establishment Fee (one-time fee, per account)	\$50
Purchase, sale, exchange, or additional funding per non real estate asset	\$95
Purchase, sale, or exchange of Real Estate asset	\$125
Cashiers or other official bank check	\$30
Returned items of any kind and stop payments, per item	\$30
Checks issued from your account or bills paid from your account, per item	\$5
Roth Conversion of Account or Recharacterization	\$50
Overnight mail delivery	\$30
Wire transfers, incoming and outgoing	\$30
Rush Fees for expedited transaction processing or services within the same or next day	\$150 per request
Special Services, such as research of closed assets or accounts, legal research, or special handling of transactions	\$150 per hour
Re-registration of assets	\$100, plus actual expense of transfer agents when applicable

Partial or Full Termination, including transfers of assets from your account to anyone, is 0.50% of the asset value of the amount transferred, plus sale transaction charges for each asset. This includes lump sum distributions, but does not include required minimum distributions. Minimum fee for this service is \$150 and maximum fee for this service is \$350. Annual Administration and Record Keeping Fees are not prorated when an account closes.



Part 4 Payment of Fees

How would you like to pay your account fees?		
\$50 Account Establishment Fee	PAY BY CREDIT CARD	CHECK ENCLOSED PAYAYBLE TO IRA EXPRESS, INC.
Record Keeping and Administrative Fees	PAY BY CREDIT CARD	DEDUCT FEES FROM MY IRA EXPRESS ACCOUNT
Part 5 Credit Card Information		

Please complete this section if you would like to pay your fees by credit card.						
CARD TYPE (choose one): VISA	MASTER CA	RD AMEI	RICAN EXPRESS	DISCOVER		
NAME AS IT APPEARS ON YOUR CARD	CARD NUMBER		SECURITY CODE			
EXPIRATION DATE		BILLING ADDRESS				
CITY, STATE, ZIP						
By signing below, you authorize your credit card to be charged for the option(s) chosen above. Your request will be processed upon receipt of this form. You understand that inaccurate or incomplete credit card information or charges declined by the credit card issuer will delay the processing of the account transaction. Future changes to the option made above must be submitted in writing.						
SIGNATURE		DATE				

Part 6 Signature

If no preference indicated, fees will be debited from your IRA Express Account. Annual Recordkeeping and Administration Fees (using Option One or Option Two, as selected above) are charged for all or any portion of each year during which the account is in existence. If you do not choose a fee option (Option One or Option Two, as selected above) Annual Record Keeping and Administration Fees will be billed according to "Option Two - Based on Total Account Value". If you terminate your account during a year, you will still owe the annual fee for that entire year. These fees are charged on the basis of the year beginning on the date when your account is established, and each anniversary of that date. Annual record keeping fees are not pro-rated when an account closes.

Custodial Administration Fee: We receive a fee equal to the income generated from undirected cash held by the custodian in a deposit or product of an FDIC insured institution, if any. The custodian of your account is entitled to this fee under the section titled "Custodian's Fees and Expenses" of your IRA Custodial Account Agreement (reference Section 8.07 if you have a Traditional IRA), and has assigned this fee to IRA Express for services relating to the investment of undirected cash.

Termination: If you incur a termination of your account, we will charge a termination fee of 0.50% of your account value to a minimum of \$150 and a maximum of \$350, plus the applicable transaction fee (non-real estate or real estate, as applicable) for each asset that is sold. A transfer of assets from your Account to a third party, including to another individual retirement account for your benefit, is considered a termination for purposes of the imposition of this fee. A lump sum distribution is considered a termination for purposes of the imposition of this fee. However, a distribution after your attainment of age 70-1/2 or disability or death is not considered a termination, and is not subject to the termination fee.

Collection of Fees and Charges: Account fees and charges, as described above, are charged in advance or in connection with the applicable services and events, and are at no time refundable. We generally bill and collect fees and charges quarterly, based on your account establishment date. These fees and charges are normally withdrawn from your undirected cash funds balance, unless they have been actually paid directly by you.

Late payment fees: The lesser of 1.5% per month (18% annum) or the maximum allowable under applicable law. If there is insufficient undirected cash in your account, we will liquidate other assets to pay for such fees and charges, after giving you 30 days' notice of our intention to do so. Reregistration of assets plus expense of transfer agents when applicable is \$100. IRA Express, Inc. shall have no liability for any adverse tax or other financial consequences as a result of applying account cash and liquidating other account assets to cover the fees and charges. IRA Express, Inc. reserves the right to sell any past due receivables to a collection and credit reporting agency.

In accordance with your Account Application, this Fee Schedule is part of your Agreement with the Administrator and must accompany your Application.

PRINT NAME:	
SIGNATURE	DATE

RAXP

Part 1 Account Owner Information NAME (as it appears on your account application) IRA EXPRESS ACCOUNT NUMBER SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER EMAIL ADDRESS DAYTIME PHONE NUMBER DAYTIME PHONE NUMBER Part 2 Account Information and Compatibility You must transfer to a compatible type of an account. Please contact IRA Express if you have questions regarding account compatibility. Account Type Being Transferred Transferring to IRA Express Account Type

Account Type Being Transferred			Transferring to IRA Express Acc	ount Type		
	Traditional IRA	SEP IRA	Beneficiary IRA	Traditional IRA	SEP IRA	Beneficiary IRA
	Roth IRA	SIMPLE IRA		🔲 Roth IRA	SIMPLE IRA	

Part 3 Current Custodian Information Please include a copy of your current statement for the account that is being transferred.

CUSTODIAN NAME		ACCOUNT NUMBER	
ESTIMATED TRANSFER VALUE	ADDRESS		CITY, STATE, ZIP
PHONE	FAX		CONTACT PERSON

Part 4 Transfer Instructions

- If you would like to transfer your full account as cash please contact your current Trustee/Custodian to initiate the liquidation process.
- The term "liquidate all assets and transfer proceeds" will result in all assets being sold and the cash proceeds being forwarded to IRA Express.
- A transfer "in-kind" refers to the re-registration of physical assets from the prior Trustee/Custodian's name to IRA Express.
- If you are only performing a partial transfer to your IRA Express account please list all assets to be liquidated or transferred in-kind in the spaces provided and mark the appropriate box.
- Please include a copy of a recent statement (dated within 6 months) from your current Trustee/Custodian.

Type of Transfer: (check one)			
FULL TRANSFER	TRANSFER ALL ASSETS IN-KIND	PARTIAL TRANSFER	
Please Liquidate all assets and transfer the proceeds to IRA Express, Inc. as agent for Custodian for the benefit of [Client's Name and IRA Number].	Please transfer all assets in-kind to IRA Express, Inc. as agent for Custodian for the benefit of [Client's Name and IRA Number].	Please transfer the following assets described below to IRA Express, Inc. as agent for Custodian for the benefit of [Client's Name and IRA Number].	

PARTIAL TRANSFERS ONLY	QUANTITY	INSTRUCTIONS
Description of Assets (cash, real estate, LLC, etc.)	(All, # of shares, or Value)	(Please check on box per asset)
1.		CASH ONLY
2.		LIQUIDATE or IN-KIND
3.		LIQUIDATE or IN-KIND
4.		LIQUIDATE or IN-KIND
5.		LIQUIDATE or

Part 5 Delivery Instructions

How would you like your current trustee/custodian to deliver your assets to IRA Express?

☐ INCOMING WIRE TRANSFER

BY CHECK MAILED TO IRA EXPRESS



Medallion Signature Guarantee Stamp

Part 6 Account Owner Signature and Acknowledgement

1.	I hereby agree to the terms and conditions set forth in this Account Asset Transfer
	Authorization and acknowledge having established an IRA Express self-directed
	account.

- 2. I understand the rules and conditions applicable to an Account Transfer. I understand that it is my responsibility to contact my current financial institution to determine whether a medallion guarantee is required. If a medallion guarantee is required, it is my responsibility to take this Form to my bank or credit union for a medallion guarantee. (Failure to obtain a medallion guarantee could result in delays and/or rejection of this request by your current financial institution)
- 3. I qualify for the account transfer of assets listed in Part 4 and authorize such transactions.
- 4. I understand that no one at IRA Express has authority to agree to anything different than my foregoing understandings of IRA Express policy.

SIGNATURE

DATE

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY - Acceptance of Receiving Custodian

Pursuant to a limited written delegation, the Custodian has authorized IRA Express, Inc. to serve as the Administrator for the Custodian and to sign this form on the Custodian's behalf. The Custodian ASSUMES NO INVESTMENT CONTROL OVER CLIENT FUNDS AND ACTS ONLY AS A CUSTODIAN FOR CLIENT FUNDS. The Custodian assumes no investment management or investment fiduciary obligations.

IRA Express, Inc., as agent for Custodian, Fortis Bank:

AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE, IRA EXPRESS, INC.:

_ DATE: ____

Regular Mail Delivery Address	Overnight Mail Delivery Address	Incoming Wire Transfer Information
IRA Express, Inc. as Agent for Custodian FBO [Account Holder Name and Account #] PO BOX 9 CEDAR CITY, UTAH 84721	IRA Express, Inc. as Agent for Custodian FBO [Account Holder Name and Account #] 2975 W. EXECUTIVE PKWY, #199-122 LEHI, UTAH 84043	PLEASE REFERENCE THE ENCLOSED WIRING INSTRUCTIONS



Part 1 Account Owner Information						
NAME (as it appears in your plan)				IRA EXPRES	S ACCOUNT NUMBER	
SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER	рно	NE		LEGAL ADD	RESS	
CITY, STATE, ZIP	- I					
Part 2 Previous Custodian's Informati	on					
Please check here if your rollover is from your IRA	Express acc	ount mentioned a	above.			
CUSTODIAN NAME			PREVIOUS CUS	TODIAN'S AC	COUNT NUMBER	
CONTACT NAME	PHONE				ADDRESS	
CITY, STATE, ZIP	•					
Part 3 Indicate the type of plan you a	re rolling	over from				
Traditional Roth SEP SIMI		OTHER (PS, MP, D	B, 401(k), 457)			
Part 4 Verify that you are eligible to p	erform t	his transactio	on (select one)			
I am an eligible person to perform this transaction:						
		ISE BENEFICIARY COUNT	DUE TO	SPOUSE OF ACCOUNT DIVORCE OR LEGAL SEPARATION		
Part 5 Type of asset(s) to be rolled ov	er					
To rollover CASH, please follow the instructions below	and contact	our office if you ar	re in need of wirir	ng instructior	IS	
Amount: \$	Ple	ease make checks	payable to: IRA E	Express, Inc. a	as agent for Custodian FE	BO (Your Name & IRA Number)
To rollover INVESTMENTS (private stock, real estate, LL investment.	Cs, notes, et	c.), please comple	te the asset desci	ription below	and contact us regardin	ng the re-registration of your
Asset Description			Value			
Total Value:						
DELIVERY INSTRUCTIONS ARE ATTACHED				STATEMENT	S ATTACHED	



Part 6 Account Owner Signature and Acknowledgement

Please note: Your current plan may require additional documentation. Most employer sponsored plans (PS, MP, DB, 401(k), 457 plans) require direct rollover paperwork to be filled out internally before allowing a rollover from their employer sponsored plan. Please contact the plan administrator of your plan for more information.

Please read the following statement carefully.

I hereby agree to the terms and conditions set forth in this Rollover form and acknowledge having established a Self-Directed Account through execution of IRA Express Account Application. I understand the rules and conditions applicable to a (check one) Rollover Direct Rollover. I qualify for the Rollover or Direct Rollover of assets listed in the Asset Liquidation above and I authorize such transactions. If this is a Rollover or Direct Rollover, I have been advised to see a tax advisor due to the important tax consequences of rolling assets into a self-directed account. If this is a Rollover or Direct Rollover, I assume full responsibility for this Rollover or Direct Rollover transaction and will not hold the Plan Administrator and/or Custodian or Issuer of either the distributing or receiving plan liable for any adverse consequences that may result. I understand that no one at IRA Express has authority to agree to anything different than my foregoing understandings of IRA Express policy. If this is a Rollover or Direct Rollover, I irrevocably designate this contribution of assets as a rollover contribution. By signing this form, I certify that I am completing this rollover within:

- A. 60 calendar days following the day I received the assets, I have not performed a rollover from an IRA within the last 12 months, and that this rollover DOES NOT contain my Required Minimum Distribution.
- B. If am a non-spouse beneficiary, this is a direct rollover from an employer plan and the rollover contribution DOES NOT contain my Required Minimum Distribution.

I have read and understand the disclosure above

SIGNATURE	DATE



CUSTODIAL AGREEMENT & DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Form 5305-SA

(March 2002) Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

SIMPLE Individual Retirement Custodial Account

(under Sections 408(a) and 408(p) of the Internal Revenue Code)

Article I

1.01 The custodian will accept cash contributions made on behalf of the participant by the participant's employer under the terms of a SIMPLE IRA plan described in section 408(p). In addition, the custodian will accept transfers or rollovers from other SIMPLE IRAs of the participant. No other contributions will be accepted by the custodian.

Article II

2.01 The participant's interest in the balance in the custodial account is nonforfeitable.

Article III

- No part of the custodial account funds may be invested in life insurance contracts, nor may the assets of the custodial account be commingled with other 3.01 property except in a common custodial fund or common investment fund (within the meaning of section 408(a)(5)).
- 3.02 No part of the custodial account funds may be invested in collectibles (within the meaning of section 408(m)) except as otherwise permitted by section 408(m)(3), which provides an exception for certain gold, silver, and platinum coins, coins issued under the laws of any state, and certain bullion.

Article IV

- 4.01 Notwithstanding any provision of this agreement to the contrary, the distribution of the participant's interest in the custodial account shall be made in accordance with the following requirements and shall otherwise comply with section 408(a)(6) and the regulations thereunder, the provisions of which are herein incorporated by reference.
- 4.02 The participant's entire interest in the custodial account must be, or begin to be, distributed not later than the participant's required beginning date, April 1 following the calendar year in which the participant reaches age 70 1/2. By that date, the participant may elect, in a manner acceptable to the custodian, to have the balance in the custodial account distributed in:
 - (a) A single sum or
 - Payments over a period not longer than the life of the participant or the joint lives of the participant and his or her designated beneficiary. (b)
- 4.03 If the participant dies before his or her entire interest is distributed to him or her, the remaining interest will be distributed as follows:
 - If the participant dies on or after the required beginning date and: (a)
 - the designated beneficiary is the participant's surviving spouse, the remaining interest will be distributed over the surviving spouse's life expectancy as determined each year until such spouse's death, or over the period in paragraph (a)(iii) below if longer. Any interest remaining after the spouse's death will be distributed over such spouse's remaining life expectancy as determined in the year of the spouse's death and reduced by 1 for each subsequent year, or, if distributions are being made over the period in paragraph (a)(iii) below, over such period.
 - the designated beneficiary is not the participant's surviving spouse, the remaining interest will be distributed over the beneficiary's remaining life (ii) expectancy as determined in the year following the death of the participant and reduced by 1 for each subsequent year, or over the period in paragraph (a)(iii) below if longer.
 - (iii) there is no designated beneficiary, the remaining interest will be distributed over the remaining life expectancy of the participant as determined in the year of the participant's death and reduced by 1 for each subsequent year.
 - If the participant dies before the required beginning date, the remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with (i) below or, if elected or there is (b) no designated beneficiary, in accordance with 4.03(b)(ii) below:
 - The remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with paragraphs 4.03(a)(i) and 4.03(a)(ii) above (but not over the period in paragraph (i) 4.03(a)(iii), even if longer), starting by the end of the calendar year following the year of the participant's death. If, however, the designated beneficiary is the participant's surviving spouse, then this distribution is not required to begin before the end of the calendar year in which the participant would have reached age 70 1/2. But, in such case, if the participant's surviving spouse dies before distributions are required to begin, then the remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with 4.03(a)(ii) above (but not over the period in paragraph 4.03(a)(iii), even if longer), over such spouse's designated beneficiary's life expectancy, or in accordance with 4.03(b)(ii) below if there is no such designated beneficiary. (ii)
 - The remaining interest will be distributed by the end of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the participant's death.
- 4.04 If the participant dies before his or her entire interest has been distributed and if the designated beneficiary is not the participant's surviving spouse, no additional contributions may be accepted in the account.
- The minimum amount that must be distributed each year, beginning with the year containing the participant's required beginning date, is known as the 4.05 "required minimum distribution" and is determined as follows:
 - (a) The required minimum distribution under paragraph 4.02(b) for any year, beginning with the year the participant reaches age 70 1/2, is the participant's account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the distribution period in the uniform lifetime table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9. However, if the participant's designated beneficiary is his or her surviving spouse, the required minimum distribution for a year shall not be more than the participant's account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the number in the joint and last survivor table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9. The required minimum distribution for a year under this paragraph (a) is determined using the participant's (or, if applicable, the participant and spouse's) attained age (or ages) in the year.
 - (b) The required minimum distribution under paragraphs 4.03(a) and 4.03(b)(i) for a year, beginning with the year following the year of the participant's death (or the year the participant would have reached age 70 1 /2, if applicable under paragraph 4.03(b)(i)) is the account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the life expectancy (in the single life table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9) of the individual specified in such paragraphs 4.03(a) and 4.03(b)(i).
 - (c) The required minimum distribution for the year the participant reaches age 70 1 /2 can be made as late as April 1 of the following year. The required minimum distribution for any other year must be made by the end of such year.
- 4.06 The owner of two or more IRAs (other than Roth IRAs) may satisfy the minimum distribution requirements described above by taking from one IRA the amount required to satisfy the requirement for another in accordance with the regulations under section 408(a)(6).

Article V

- 5.01 The participant agrees to provide the custodian with all information necessary to prepare any reports required by sections 408(i) and 408(l)(2) and Regulations sections 1.408-5 and 1.408-6.
- 5.02 The custodian agrees to submit to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and participant the reports prescribed by the IRS.
- 5.03 The custodian also agrees to provide the participant's employer the summary description described in section 408(I)(2) unless this SIMPLE IRA is a transfer SIMPLE IRA.

Article VI

6.01 Notwithstanding any other articles which may be added or incorporated, the provisions of Articles I through III and this sentence will be controlling. Any additional articles inconsistent with sections 408(a) and 408(p) and the related regulations will be invalid.

Article VII

7.01 This agreement will be amended as necessary to comply with the provisions of the Code and the related regulations. Other amendments may be made with the consent of the persons whose signatures appear on the SIMPLE IRA Adoption Agreement.

Article VIII

8.01 **Applicable Law**: This Custodial Agreement is subject to all applicable federal laws and regulations and shall be governed by and construed under the applicable laws of the state of Colorado where the Custodian is organized. The term Depositor also includes the Depositor's Beneficiary(ies), where appropriate throughout this Agreement. Any lawsuit filed against or by Custodian or Administrator shall only be instituted in the district or county courts of Denver County, Colorado, where Custodian maintains its principal office, and Depositor agrees to submit to such jurisdiction both in connection with any such lawsuit which Depositor may file and in connection with any lawsuit which Custodian or Administrator may file against Depositor.

8.02 Custodian and Administrator:

- □□□ The Custodian for the Custodial Account is **Fortis Bank**.
- The Administrator for the Custodial Account is **IRA Express, Inc.**, a Utah corporation.
- 8.03 Agent for the Custodian: The Custodian has appointed the Administrator to act as agent for the Custodian for the purpose of performing administrative or other custodial-related services with respect to the Custodial Account for which the Custodian otherwise has responsibility under this Agreement. All limitations of duties to the Depositor, and releases or indemnifications of the Custodian by the Depositor in this Agreement shall apply equally to the Administrator. The Administrator shall perform duties on behalf of the Custodian which include, but are not limited to, executing applications or adoption agreements, transfers, stock powers, escrow accounts, purchase agreements, notes, deeds, conveyances, liens, placing assets or liabilities in the Administrator's name for the benefit of the Depositor to provide administrative feasibility for such transactions, depositing contributions, and income, paying liabilities and distributions and government reporting for Depositors who have established a Custodial Account with the Custodian.
- 8.04 Annual Accounting: The Custodian shall, at least annually, provide the Participant or Beneficiary (in the case of death) with an accounting of such Participant's account. Such accounting shall be deemed to be accepted by the Participant or Beneficiary, if the Participant or Beneficiary does not object in writing within 60 days after the mailing of such accounting statement.
- 8.05 Amendment: The Participant irrevocably delegates to the Custodian the right and power to amend this Custodial Agreement. Except as hereafter provided, the Custodian will give the Participant 30 days prior written notice of any amendment. In case of a retroactive amendment required by law, the Custodian will provide written notice to the Participant of the amendment within 30 days after the amendment is made, or if later, by the time that notice of the amendment is required to be given under regulations or other guidance provided by the IRS. The Participant shall be deemed to have consented to any such amendment unless the Participant notifies the Custodian to the contrary within 30 days after notice to the Participant and requests a distribution or transfer of the balance in the account.

8.06 Resignation and Removal of Custodian:

- (a) The Custodian may resign and appoint a successor trustee or custodian to serve under this agreement or under another governing agreement selected by the successor trustee or custodian by giving the Depositor written notice at least 30 days prior to the effective date of such resignation and appointment, which notice shall also include or be provided under separate cover a copy of such other governing instrument, if applicable, and the related disclosure statement. The Depositor shall then have 30 days from the date of such notice to either request a distribution of the entire account balance or designate a different successor trustee or custodian and notify the Custodian of such designation. If the Depositor does not request distribution of the account balance or notify the Custodian of the designation of a different successor trustee or custodian within such 30 day period, the Depositor shall be deemed to have consented to the appointment of the successor trustee or custodian and the terms of any new governing instrument, and neither the Depositor nor the successor shall be required to execute any written document to complete the transfer of the account to the successor trustee or custodian. The successor trustee or custodian may rely on any information, including beneficiary designations, previously provided by the Depositor to the Custodian.
- (b) The Depositor may at any time remove the Custodian and replace the Custodian with a successor trustee or custodian of the Depositor's choice by giving 30 days notice of such removal and replacement. The Custodian shall then deliver the assets of the account as directed by the Depositor. However, the Custodian may retain a portion of the assets of the Custodial Account as a reserve for payment of any anticipated remaining fees and expenses, and shall pay over any remainder of this reserve to the successor trustee or custodian upon satisfaction of such fees and expenses.
- (c) The Custodian may resign and demand that the Depositor appoint a successor trustee or custodian of this Custodial Account by giving the Depositor written notice at least 30 days prior to the effective date of such resignation. The Depositor shall then have 30 days from the date of such notice to designate a successor trustee or custodian, notify the Custodian of the name and address of the successor trustee or custodian, and provide the Custodian with appropriate evidence that such successor has accepted the appointment and is qualified to serve as trustee or custodian of an individual retirement account.
 - (1) If the Depositor designates a successor trustee or custodian and provides the Custodian evidence of the successor's acceptance of appointment and qualification within such 30-day period, the Custodian shall then deliver all of the assets held by the Custodian in the account (whether in cash or personal or real property, wherever located, and regardless of value) to the successor trustee or custodian.
 - (2) If the Depositor does not notify the Custodian of the appointment of a successor trustee or custodian within such 30 day period, then the Custodian may distribute all of the assets held by the Custodian in the account (whether in cash or personal or real property, wherever located, and regardless of value) to the Depositor, outright and free of trust, and the Depositor shall be wholly responsible for the tax consequences of such distribution.

In either case, the Custodian may expend any assets in the account to pay expenses of transfer (including re-registering the assets and preparation of deeds, assignments, and other instruments of transfer or conveyance) to the successor trustee or custodian or the Depositor, as the case may be. In addition, the Custodian may retain a portion of the assets as a reserve for payment of any anticipated remaining fees and expenses. Upon satisfaction of such fees and expenses, the Custodian shall pay over any remainder of the reserve to the successor trustee or custodian or to the Depositor, as the case may be.

(d) Administrator may at any time select a qualified successor custodian by giving the Depositor and Custodian written notice at least 30 days prior to the effective date of such appointment, which notice shall also include or be provided under separate cover a copy of such other governing instrument, if applicable, and the related disclosure statement. The Depositor shall then have 30 days from the date of such notice to either request a distribution of the entire Custodial Account balance or designate a different successor trustee or custodian and notify the Custodian and Administrator of such designation. If the Depositor does not request distribution of the Custodial Account balance or tusted of a different successor shall be deemed to have consented to the appointment of the successor custodian and the terms of any new governing instrument, and neither the Depositor nor the successor shall be required to execute any written document to complete the transfer of the Custodial Account to the successor custodian. The successor custodian may rely on any information, including beneficiary designations, previously provided by the Depositor to the Custodian.

8.07 Custodian's and Administrator's Fees and Expenses:

- (a) This Section 8.05 of the Custodial Agreement shall be governed by the requirements of Section 408(p)(7) and IRS Notice 98-4, Section J, and is further explained in the accompanying SIMPLE IRA Disclosure Statement.
- (b) The Depositor agrees to pay the Custodian any and all fees specified in the Custodian's current published fee schedule for establishing and maintaining this Custodial Account, including any fees for distributions from, transfers from, and terminations of this Custodial Account. The Custodian may change its fee schedule at any time by giving the Depositor 30 days prior written notice.
- (c) The Depositor agrees to pay any expenses incurred by the Custodian or the Administrator in the performance of its duties in connection with the account. Such expenses include, but are not limited to, administrative expenses, legal fees, accounting fees, regulatory fees and any taxes or assessments of any kind whatsoever that may be levied with respect to such account.

- (d) All such fees, taxes, and other administrative expenses charged to the account shall be collected either from the assets in the account or from any contributions to or distributions from such account if not paid by the Depositor, but the Depositor shall be responsible for any deficiency.
- (e) In the event that for any reason the Custodian is not certain as to who is entitled to receive all or part of the assets in the Custodial Account, the Custodian reserves the right to withhold any payment from the Custodial Account, to request a court ruling to determine the disposition of the Custodial assets, and to charge the Custodial Account for any expenses incurred in obtaining such legal determination.
- (f) The Custodian shall be entitled to receive, from the assets held in the Custodial Account, a fee equal in amount to all income that is generated from any Undirected Cash (defined as any cash in the Custodial Account not invested pursuant to a specific investment direction by Depositor) which is held by Custodian in an account of product of an FDIC or other United States government insured financial institution, United States government securities, or securities that are insured or guaranteed by the United States government, as provided in Section 9.01(b) below. Custodian's fees from the Undirected Cash in the Custodial Account are associated with cash management activities, including, but not limited to, account maintenance, depository bank selection, transaction processing, sub-accounting, record keeping, and other services performed under the terms of this Agreement. Custodian retains the right, but does not have the obligation, to reduce this fee by rebating a portion of the fee into the Custodial Account. The Depositor agrees that this fee may be retained by the Custodian as compensation for the services provided by Custodian under this Agreement. The Custodian may pay all or an agreed portion of this fee to the Administrator as agreed between the Custodian and the Administrator. The Custodian reserves the right to change all or part of the Custodial Fee Schedule at its discretion with 30 days advance written notice to Depositor.
- (g) In addition to any portion of the Custodian's fee that the Administrator receives from the Custodian as provided in Section 8.07(f), the Administrator shall be entitled to fees for account opening, asset purchases and sales, distributions, transfers, terminations, and annual administration of the Custodial Account, along with other miscellaneous fees, as disclosed in a fee schedule provided by the Administrator to the Depositor. The Administrator may change its fee schedule at any time by giving the Depositor 30 days prior written notice. If payment is not received within thirty (30) days from the due date reflected on an invoice, a past due notice will be mailed to Depositor and a late fee equal to the lower of (a) 1.5% of the outstanding invoice for every month or partial month that the invoice is outstanding or (b) the maximum late penalty permitted under the state law where the Administrator is organized, shall be assessed to the Custodial Account. Additionally, assets may be liquidated from the account, without notice, for any outstanding fee which has not been paid. If fees are not paid within thirty (30) days after Administrator has mailed the past due notice, Administrator will begin the process of closing the Custodial Account. Any asset distributed directly to Depositor as part of closing the Custodial Account will be reported to the IRS on Form 1099-R and may subject the Depositor to possible taxes and penalties. Accounts with past due fees, unfunded accounts, and accounts with zero value will continue to incur administration fees until such time as Depositor notifies Administrator (on a form prescribed by Custodian) of Depositor's intent to close the account or until Custodian resigns.
- 8.08 Withdrawal Requests: All requests for withdrawal shall be in writing on the form provided by the Custodian. Such written notice must also contain the reason for the withdrawal and the method of distribution being requested.
- 8.09 Age 70 1/2 Default Provisions: If the Depositor does not choose any of the distribution methods under Article IV of this Trust Agreement by the April 1st following the calendar year in which the Depositor reaches age 70 1/2, distribution shall be determined based upon the distribution period in the uniform lifetime distribution period table in Regulation section 1.401(a)(9)-9. However, no payment will be made until the Depositor provides the Custodian with a proper distribution request acceptable to the Custodian. Upon receipt of such distribution request, the Depositor may switch to a joint life expectancy in determining the required minimum distribution if the Depositor's spouse was the sole beneficiary as of the January 1st of the distribution calendar year and such spouse is more than 10 years younger than the Depositor.

8.10 Death Benefit Default Provisions:

- (a) If the Depositor dies before his or her required beginning date and the beneficiary does not select a method of distribution described in Article IV, Section 4.03(b)(i) or (ii) by the December 31st following the year of the Depositor's death, then distributions will be made pursuant to the single life expectancy of the Designated Beneficiary determined in accordance with IRS regulations. However, no payment will be made until the beneficiary provides the Custodian with a proper distribution request acceptable to the Custodian and other documentation that may be required by the Custodian. A beneficiary may at any time request a complete distribution of his or her remaining interest in the Custodial Account. The Custodian reserves the right to require a minimum balance in the account in order to make periodic payments from the account.
- (b) If the Depositor dies on or after his or her required beginning date, distribution shall be made in accordance with Article IV, Section 4.03(a). However, no payment will be made until the beneficiary provides the Custodian with a proper distribution request acceptable to the Custodian and other documentation that may be required by the Custodian. A beneficiary may at any time request a complete distribution of his or her remaining interest in the Custodial Account. The Custodian reserves the right to require a minimum balance in the account in order to make periodic payments from the account.
- 8.11 **Transitional Rule for Determining Required Minimum Distributions for Calendar Year 2002:** Unless the Custodian provides otherwise, if a Depositor (or beneficiary) is subject to required minimum distributions for calendar year 2002, such individual may elect to apply the 1987 proposed regulations, the 2001 proposed regulations, or the 2002 final regulations in determining the amount of the 2002 required minimum. However, the Custodian, in its sole discretion, reserves the right to perform any required minimum distribution calculations through its data systems or otherwise based upon any of the three sets of regulations delineated in the previous sentence.
- 8.12 **Responsibilities**: Participant agrees that all information and instructions given to the Custodian by the Participant is complete and accurate and that the Custodian shall not be responsible for any incomplete or inaccurate information provided by the Participant or Participant's beneficiary(ies). Participant agrees to be responsible for all tax consequences arising from contributions to and distributions from this Custodial Account and acknowledges that no tax advice has been provided by the Custodian.

8.13 Designation of Beneficiary:

- (a) Except as may be otherwise required by State law, in the event of the Participant's death, the balance in the account shall be paid to the beneficiary or beneficiaries designated by the Participant on a beneficiary designation form acceptable to and filed with the Custodian. The Participant may change the Participant's beneficiary or beneficiaries at any time by filing a new beneficiary designation with the Custodian. If no beneficiary designation is in effect, if none of the named beneficiaries survive the Participant, or if the Custodian cannot locate any of the named beneficiaries after reasonable search, any balance in the account will be payable to the Participant's estate.
- (b) If the Custodian permits, in the event of the Depositor's death, any beneficiary may name a subsequent beneficiary(ies) to receive the balance of the account to which such beneficiary is entitled upon the death of the original beneficiary by filing a Subsequent Beneficiary Designation Form acceptable to and filed with the Custodian. Payments to such subsequent beneficiary(ies) shall be distributed in accordance with the payment schedule applicable to the original beneficiary or more rapidly if the subsequent beneficiary requests. In no event can any subsequent beneficiary be treated as a designated beneficiary of the Depositor. The preceding sentence shall not apply with respect to the subsequent beneficiary(ies) if any, designated by the original spouse beneficiary where the Depositor dies before his or her required beginning date. In this case, the original spouse beneficiary is treated as the Depositor. If the balance of the account has not been completely distributed to the original beneficiary and such beneficiary has not named a subsequent beneficiary or no named subsequent beneficiary is living on the date of the original beneficiary's death, such balance shall be payable to the estate of the original beneficiary.

ARTICLE IX SELF-DIRECTED SIMPLE IRA PROVISIONS

9.01 Investment of Contributions:

(a) At the direction of the Depositor (or the direction of the beneficiary upon the Depositor's death), the Custodian shall invest all contributions to the Custodial Account and earnings thereon in investments that are acceptable to the Custodian, and that are considered administratively feasible by the Custodian, which may include but are not limited to marketable securities traded on a recognized exchange or "over the counter" (excluding any

securities issued by the Custodian), certificates of deposit, real estate, deeds of trust, mortgages, unsecured notes, limited partnerships, limited liability companies, private stock, other private placement offerings, and other investments to which the Custodian consents, in such amounts as are specifically selected and specified by the Depositor in orders to the Custodian in such form as may be acceptable to the Custodian, without any duty to diversify and without regard to whether such property is authorized by the laws of any jurisdiction as a trust investment. The Custodian shall be responsible for the execution of such orders and for maintaining adequate records thereof. However, if any such orders are not received as required, or, if received, are unclear in the opinion of the Custodian, or if there is insufficient Undirected Cash in the Custodial Account to comply with such orders, all or a portion of the contribution may be held uninvested without liability for loss of income or appreciation, and without liability for interest pending receipt of such orders or clarification, or the contribution may be returned. The Custodian and the Administrator shall have no duty other than to follow the written investment directions of the Depositor, and shall be under no duty to question said instructions and shall not be liable for any investment losses sustained by the Depositor under any circumstances.

- (b) Depositor hereby acknowledges and agrees that Custodian will deposit all Undirected Cash in the Custodial Account into pooled deposit accounts at one or more FDIC or other United States government insured institutions or in United States government securities or in securities that are insured or products from or guaranteed by the United States government pending further investment direction by Depositor. All income generated by Undirected Cash in Custodian's pooled deposit accounts shall be retained by Custodian as fees, as described in paragraph 8.07(f) above. Depositor authorizes Custodian to transfer any Undirected Cash in the Custodial Account into any FDIC insured financial institution or in United States government securities or in securities that are insured or guaranteed by the United States government without any further approval or direction by the Depositor.
- 9.02 Indemnification: The Custodian and Administrator shall have no duty other than to follow the written instructions of the Depositor, and shall be under no duty to question said instructions and shall not be liable for any investment losses sustained by the Depositor under any circumstances. By performing services under this Agreement, the Custodian and the Administrator are acting as the agent of Depositor, and nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as conferring fiduciary status on the Custodian or the Administrator. Depositor agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the Custodian and the Administrator from any and all claims, damages, liability, actions, costs, expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) and any loss to the Custodial Account, to the Depositor or to Depositor's beneficiary(ies) as a result of any action taken (or omitted to be taken) pursuant to and/or in connection with any investment transaction directed by Depositor's investment advisor or resulting from serving as the Custodian or the Administrator, including, without limitation, claims, damages, liability, actions and losses asserted by the Depositor's beneficiary(ies).
- 9.03 **Registration**: All assets of the Custodial Account shall be registered in the name of the Custodian, or in the name of the Administrator, who shall be the nominee of the Custodian for purposes of holding assets of the Custodial Account. The same Administrator may be the nominee of the Custodian with respect to the holding of assets of other investors whether or not held under agreements similar to this one or in any capacity whatsoever; and the Custodian may commingle the assets so held to the extent permitted by law. However, the Custodial Account and each other account or asset so held shall each be separate and distinct; a separate account therefore shall be maintained by the Custodian (or by the Administrator on behalf of the Custodian). The assets of the Custodian in individual or bulk segregation either in the Custodian's vaults or vaults of the Custodian's agent or through brokerage accounts of entities permitted to hold assets of the applicable type under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or the Commodities Exchange Act.
- 9.04 Investment Advisor: The Depositor may appoint an Investment Advisor, qualified under Section 3(38) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, to direct the investment of the Custodial Account or any specified portion of the Custodial Account. The Depositor shall notify the Custodian in writing of any such appointment by providing the Custodian a copy of the instruments appointing the Investment Advisor and evidencing the Investment Advisor's acceptance of such appointment, an acknowledgment by the Investment Advisor that it is a fiduciary of the account, and a certificate evidencing the Investment Advisor's current registration under the Investment Advisor's Act of 1940. The Custodian shall comply with any investment directions furnished to it by the Investment Advisor, unless and until it receives written notification from the Depositor that the Investment Advisor's appointment has been terminated. The Custodian and the Administrator shall have no duty other than to follow the written investment directions of such Investment Advisor and the Custodian and the Custodian and the Custodian and Administrator shall not be liable for any investment losses sustained by the Depositor as a result of following the written investment directions of the Depositor's Investment Advisor.
- 9.05 No Investment Advice: The Depositor acknowledges and agrees that the Custodian and the Administrator do not provide or assume responsibility for any tax, legal or investment advice with respect to the investments and assets in the Custodial Account and shall not be liable for any loss which results from the Depositor's exercise of control over the Custodial Account. The Depositor and the Depositor's beneficiary(ies) release, indemnify and agree to hold the Custodian and the Administrator harmless in the event that any investment or sale of the assets in the Custodial Account pursuant to a direction by the Depositor or the Depositor's Investment Advisor violates any federal or state law or regulation or otherwise results in a disqualification, penalty, tax or fine imposed upon the Custodian, the Administrator, the Depositor or the Custodial Account.
- 9.06 **Prohibited Transactions**: The Depositor acknowledges and agrees that the Custodial Account is subject to the provisions of section 4975, which defines certain prohibited transactions. Depositor acknowledges and agrees that the Custodian and the Administrator shall make no determination as to whether any transaction or investment in the Custodial Account is prohibited under sections 4975, 408(e) or 408A, or under any other state or federal law. The Depositor understands that should the Custodial Account engage in a prohibited transaction and depending on the type of prohibited transaction, certain assets of the Custodial Account will be deemed to have been distributed and will be subject to taxes as well as possible penalties. The Depositor agrees that he or she will consult with a tax or legal professional of the Depositor's choice to ensure that none of the investments in the Custodial Account will constitute a prohibited transaction and that the investments in the Custodial Account comply with all applicable federal and state laws, regulations and requirements.
- 9.07 Unrelated Business Income Tax: The Depositor acknowledges and agrees that the Custodial Account is subject to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Sections 511-514 relating to Unrelated Business Taxable Income (UBTI) of tax-exempt organizations. If the Depositor directs the Custodian to make an investment in the Custodial Account which generates UBTI, the Depositor agrees to prepare or have prepared the required IRS Form 990-T tax return, an application for an Employer Identification Number (EIN) for the Custodial Account (if not previously obtained), and any other documents that may be required, and to submit them to the Custodian for filing with the Internal Revenue Service at least ten (10) days prior to the date on which the return is due, along with an appropriate directive authorizing the Custodian to execute the forms on behalf of the Custodial Account and to pay the applicable tax from the assets in the Custodial Account. Depositor understands and acknowledges that the Custodian and the Administrator do not make any determination of whether or not investments in the Custodial Account generate UBTI; have no duty to and do not monitor whether or not the Custodial Account has incurred UBTI; and do not prepare Form 990-T on behalf of the Custodial Account.
- 9.08 **Disclosures and Voting**: The Custodian shall deliver, or cause to be executed and delivered, to Participant all notices, prospectuses, financial statements, proxies and proxy soliciting materials relating to assets credited to the account. The Custodian shall not vote any shares of stock or take any other action, pursuant to such documents, with respect to such assets except upon receipt by the Custodian of adequate written instructions from Participant.
- 9.09 **Miscellaneous Expenses**: In addition to those expenses set out in section 8.05 of this plan, the Participant agrees to pay any and all expenses incurred by the Custodian in connection with the investment of the account, including expenses of preparation and filing any returns and reports with regard to unrelated business income, including taxes and estimated taxes, as well as any transfer taxes incurred in connection with the investment of the assets of the account.
- 9.10 Valuations: The assets in the Custodial Account shall be valued annually at the end of each calendar year in accordance with section 408(i) and other guidance provided by the IRS, but Custodian retains the right to value the assets in the Custodial Account more frequently. In valuing the assets of the Custodial Account for record keeping and government reporting purposes, Custodian will ascertain the fair market value of each investment through utilizing various third-party pricing sources and designated valuation agents. However, Custodian does not guarantee the accuracy of prices obtained from these sources. Where assets are illiquid or their value is not readily ascertainable on either an established exchange or generally recognized market, the valuation is by necessity not a true market value and is merely an estimate of value, and Depositor agrees not to rely on any such valuation for any other purposes. Depositor agrees to provide the year end value of any illiquid and/or non-publicly traded investments, which may include without limitation limited partnerships, limited liability companies, privately held stock, real estate investment trusts, hedge funds, real estate, secured and unsecured promissory notes, and any other investments as Custodian shall designate, by no later than the following January 10th. If Custodian does not receive a current year end

fair market value by the following January 10th for any such investment, the Custodian shall take appropriate actions to receive the fair market value from an independent third party that specializes in valuations, paying the cost of such valuation from the liquid assets held in the Custodial Account, or in the alternative after having first received the cost of the valuation from Depositor or Depositor's beneficiary(ies) if liquid investments in the Custodial Account are otherwise insufficient. Unless Custodian has received a written fair market valuation to the contrary, promissory notes and privately offered corporate debt will have valuations reflected at the face value shown on the original note or debt instrument, or if the note is subject to an amortization schedule and the amortization schedule has been provided to Custodian by Depositor's death Depositor's beneficiary(ies), agree to indemnify and hold harmless Custodian from any and all losses, expenses, settlements, or claims with regard to investment decisions, distribution values, tax reporting or any other financial impact or consequence relating to or arising from the valuation of assets in the Custodial Account.

9.11 Insurance, Tax and Other Payments: Custodian and Administrator shall not bear or assume any responsibility to notify Depositor or to secure or maintain any fire, casualty, liability or other insurance coverage, including but not limited to title insurance coverage, on any real or personal property owned in the Custodial Account or on any property which serves as collateral under any mortgage, deed of trust, or other security instrument with respect to any promissory note or other evidence of indebtedness in the Custodial Account. Depositor acknowledges and agrees that it is the responsibility of Depositor to decide what insurance is necessary or appropriate for any investment in the Custodial Account, and to direct Custodian in writing (on a form prescribed by Custodian) to pay the premiums for any such insurance. Custodian and Administrator shall not be responsible for notification or payments of any real estate taxes, homeowners association dues, utilities or other charges with respect to any investment held in the Custodial Account unless Depositor specifically directs the Custodian to pay the same from the Custodial for any proscible by Custodian), and sufficient funds are available to pay the same from the Custodial Account. Depositor's responsibility to provide to Custodian or to ensure that Custodian has received any and all bills for insurance, taxes, homeowners dues, utilities or other amounts due for assets held in the Custodial Account. Furthermore, Depositor agrees that it shall be Depositor's responsibility to provide to Custodial Account. Furthermore, Depositor agrees that it shall be Depositor's negative and agrees that it performs are been made by verifying the payments via Depositor's Custodial Account statements.

Article X Miscellaneous Provisions

- 10.01 Electronic Communications, Signatures, and Records: Subject to any limitations contained in Treasury Regulation section 1.401(a)-21 and any other applicable federal or state law or regulation, Depositor acknowledges and agrees that the Custodial Account shall be subject to the provisions of any uniform electronic transactions acts, as passed in the state where the Custodian is organized, and the federal Electronic Signature in Global and National Commerce Act (ESIGN Act, as contained in 15 U.S.C. 7001), as those laws pertain to electronic communication, electronic signatures, and electronic storage of Custodial Account records. In lieu of the retention of the original records, Custodian may cause any, or all, of its records, and records at any time in its custody, to be photographed or otherwise reproduced to permanent form, and any such photograph or reproduction shall have the same force and effect as the original thereof and may be admitted in evidence equally with the original.
- 10.02 **Severability**: If any provision of this Custodial Account Agreement is found to be illegal, invalid, void or unenforceable, such provision shall be severed and such illegality or invalidity shall not affect the remaining provisions which shall remain in full force and effect. Neither Depositor's or Custodian's failure to enforce at any time or for any period of time any of the provisions of this Agreement shall be construed as a waiver of such provisions, or Depositor's right or Custodian's right to enforce each and every such provision.

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

Form 5305-SA is a model custodial account agreement that meets the requirements of sections 408(a) and 408(p) and has been pre-approved by the IRS. A SIMPLE individual retirement account (SIMPLE IRA) is established after the form is fully executed by both the individual (participant) and the Custodian. This account must be created in the United States for the exclusive benefit of the participant and his or her beneficiaries. Do not file Form 5305-SA with the IRS. Instead, keep it with your records.

For more information on SIMPLE IRAs, including the required disclosures the Custodian must give the participant, see Pub. 590, Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs).

Definitions

Participant/Depositor - The participant/depositor is the person who establishes the custodial account.

Custodian - The Custodian must be a bank or savings and loan association, as defined in section 408(n), or any person who has the approval of the IRS to act as custodian.

Transfer SIMPLE IRA

This SIMPLE IRA is a "transfer SIMPLE IRA" if it is not the original recipient of contributions under any SIMPLE IRA plan. The summary description requirements of section 408(I)(2) do not apply to transfer SIMPLE IRAs.

Specific Instructions

Article IV.--Distributions made under this article may be made in a single sum, periodic payment, or a combination of both. The distribution option should be reviewed in the year the participant reaches age 70 1/2 to ensure that the requirements of section 408(a)(6) have been met.

Article VIII.--Article VIII and any that follow it may incorporate additional provisions that are agreed to by the participant and Custodian to complete the agreement. They may include, for example, definitions, investment powers, voting rights, exculpatory provisions, amendment and termination, removal of the Custodian, Custodian's fees, state law requirements, beginning date of distributions, accepting only cash, treatment of excess contributions, prohibited transactions with the participant, etc. Attach additional pages if necessary.

FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

In General

IRS regulations require the Custodian to provide you with a financial projected growth of your SIMPLE IRA account based upon certain assumptions.

Growth in the Value of Your SIMPLE IRA

Growth in the value of your SIMPLE IRA is neither guaranteed nor projected. The value of your SIMPLE IRA will be computed by totaling the fair market value of the assets credited to your account. At least once a year the Custodian will send you a written report stating the current value of your SIMPLE IRA assets. The Custodian shall disclose separately a description of:

(a) The type and amount of each charge;

(b) the method of computing and allocating earnings, and

(c) any portion of the contribution, if any, which may be used for the purchase of life insurance.

Custodian/Administrator Fees

The Custodian or Administrator may charge reasonable fees or compensation for its services and it may deduct all reasonable expenses incurred by it in the administration of your SIMPLE IRA, including any legal, accounting, distribution, transfer, termination or other designated fees. Any charges made by the Custodian or Administrator will be separately disclosed in the Administrator's Fee Disclosure attached hereto. Such fees may be charged to you or directly to your custodial account. In addition, depending on your choice of investment vehicles, you may incur brokerage commissions attributable to the purchase or sale of assets.

SIMPLE IRA DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

RIGHT TO REVOKE YOUR SIMPLE IRA ACCOUNT: You may revoke your SIMPLE IRA within 7 days after you sign the SIMPLE IRA Adoption Agreement by hand-delivering or mailing a written notice to the name and address indicated below:

IRA Express 74 N. Main Street Cedar City, UT 84720

If you revoke your account by mailing a written notice, such notice must be postmarked by the 7th day after you sign the Adoption Agreement. If you revoke your SIMPLE IRA within the 7 day period you will receive a refund of the entire amount of your contributions to the SIMPLE IRA without any adjustment for earnings or any administrative expenses. If you exercise this revocation, we are still required to report certain information to the IRS.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS OF A SIMPLE IRA:

- 1. All SIMPLE contributions must be made in cash, unless you are making a rollover contribution or transfer, and the Custodian accepts such non-cash assets.
- 2. The only types of contributions permitted to be made to this SIMPLE IRA are salary reduction contributions and employer contributions under the employer's SIMPLE Retirement Plan.
- 3. The Custodian of your SIMPLE IRA must be a bank, savings and loan association, credit union or a person who is approved to act in such a capacity by the Secretary of the Treasury.
- 4. No portion of your SIMPLE IRA funds may be invested in life insurance contracts.
- 5. Your interest in your SIMPLE IRA must be fully vested and is nonforfeitable at all times.
- 6. The assets in your SIMPLE IRA may not be commingled with other property except in a common trust fund or common investment fund.
- 7. You may not invest the assets of your SIMPLE IRA in collectibles (as described in Section 408(m) of the Internal Revenue Code.) A collectible is defined as any work of art, rug or antique, metal or gem, stamp or coin, alcoholic beverage, or any other tangible personal property specified by the IRS. However, if the Custodian permits, specially minted US Gold and Silver bullion coins and certain state-issued coins are permissible SIMPLE IRA investments.
- Your interest in your SIMPLE IRA must begin to be distributed to you by the April 1st following the calendar year you attain the age of 70 1/2. The methods of distribution, election deadlines, and other limitations are described in detail below.
- 9. For purposes of the SIMPLE Plan rules, in the case of an individual who is not a self-employed individual, compensation means the amount described in section 6051(a)(3) which includes wages, tips and other compensation from the employer subject to income tax withholding under section 3401(a), and amounts described in section 6051(a)(8), including elective contributions made under a SIMPLE plan, and compensation deferred under a section 457 plan. In the case of a self-employed individual, compensation means net earnings from self-employment determined under section 1402(a), prior to subtracting any contributions made under the SIMPLE plan on behalf of the individual.
- 10. Contributions to a SIMPLE IRA are excludible from federal income tax and not subject to federal income tax withholding when made to the SIMPLE IRA. Salary reduction contributions are subject to FICA, FUTA or RRTA tax when made and must be reported on the employee's Form W-2 wage statement. Matching and nonelective employer contributions made to a SIMPLE IRA are not subject to FICA, FUTA or RRTA and are not required to be reported on Form W-2.
- 11. A SIMPLE IRA must be established by or on behalf of an employee prior to the first date by which a contribution is required to be deposited into the SIMPLE IRA.

ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEES: Under a SIMPLE Retirement Plan established by an Eligible Employer, all employees of the employer who received at least \$5,000 in compensation from the employer during any 2 preceding calendar years, whether or not consecutive, and who are reasonably expected to receive at least \$5,000 in compensation during the calendar year, must be eligible to participate in the SIMPLE Plan for the calendar year. An employer may impose less restrictive eligibility requirements, such as eliminating or reducing the prior year compensation requirements, the current year compensation requirement, or both, under its SIMPLE Plan.

An employer, at its option, may exclude from eligibility employees who are included in a unit of employees covered by an agreement that the Secretary of Labor finds to be a collective bargaining agreement between employee representatives and one or more employers, if there is evidence that retirement benefits were the subject of good faith bargaining between such employee representatives and such employer or employers; in the case of a trust established or maintained pursuant to an agreement that the Secretary of Labor finds to be a collective bargaining agreement between air pilots represented in accordance with Title II of the Railway Labor Act and one or more employees, all employees not covered by that agreement; and employees who are nonresident aliens and who received no earned income from the employer that constitutes income from sources within the United States.

PARTICIPATION IN ANOTHER PLAN: An eligible employee may participate in an employer's SIMPLE Plan, even if he or she also participates in a plan of a different employer for the same year. However, the employee's salary reduction contributions are subject to the limitation of section 402(g), which provides an aggregate limit on the exclusion for elective deferrals for any individual. The employee is responsible for monitoring compliance with these limitations.

ELIGIBLE EMPLOYERS: SIMPLE plans may be established by employers (including tax-exempt employers and governmental entities) that had no more than 100 employees who earned \$5,000 or more in compensation during the preceding calendar year. For purposes of the 100-employee limitation, all employees employed at any time during the calendar year are taken into account, regardless of whether they are eligible to participate in the SIMPLE plan. This means that otherwise excludible employees (i.e. certain union employees, nonresident aliens with no U.S. source income, and those employees who have not met the plan's minimum eligibility requirements) must be taken into account.

SIMPLE PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS:

Elective Deferrals (Salary Reduction Contributions) - A salary reduction contribution is a contribution made pursuant to an employee's election to have an amount contributed to his or her SIMPLE IRA, rather than have the amount paid directly to the employee in cash. An eligible employee must be permitted to elect to have salary reduction contributions made at the level specified by the employee, expressed as a percentage of compensation for the year or as a specific dollar amount. The maximum salary reduction contribution per calendar year may not exceed "the applicable annual dollar limitation" described below. Salary reduction contributions may not begin until the eligible employee completes a form provided by the employer designed to permit the employee to elect the salary reduction percentage or specific dollar amount. An employer may not place any restrictions on the amount of an employee's salary reduction contributions (e.g. by limiting the contribution percentage), except to the extent needed to comply with the annual limit.

Applicable Annual Dollar Limitation

<u>Tax Year</u>	Contribution Limit	Tax Year	Contribution Limit
2001	\$ 6,500	2007 - 2008	\$10,500
2002	\$ 7,000	2009 - 2012	\$11,500
2003	\$ 8,000	2013 - 2014	\$12,000
2004	\$ 9,000	2015 - 2016	\$12,500
2005 - 2006	\$10,000		

The annual limit will be subject to cost-of-living increases in increments of \$500, rounded to the lower increment.

CATCH-UP CONTRIBUTIONS: Beginning for 2002, if an individual has attained the age of 50 before the close of the taxable year for which an annual contribution is being made and meets the other eligibility requirements for making salary reduction SIMPLE IRA contributions, the annual SIMPLE IRA deferral limit for that individual would be increased as follows:

Tax Year	Normal Limit	Additional Catch-up	Total Contribution
2002	\$7,000	\$ 500	\$ 7,500
2003	\$8,000	\$1,000	\$ 9,000
2004	\$9,000	\$1,500	\$10,500
2005	\$10,000	\$2,000	\$12,000
2006	\$10,000	\$2,500	\$12,500
2007	\$10,500	\$2,500	\$13,000
2008	\$10,500	\$2,500	\$13,000
2009	\$11,500	\$2,500	\$14,000
2010-2012	\$11,500	\$2,500	\$14,000
2013-2014	\$12,000	\$2,500	\$14,500
2015-2016	\$12,500	\$3,000	\$15,500

The additional catch-up amount for SIMPLE IRAs is subject to cost-of-living increases in increments of \$500, rounded to the lower increment.

EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - 2 OPTIONS:

1. Matching Contributions: Under a SIMPLE plan, an employer is generally required to make a contribution on behalf of each eligible employee in an amount equal to the employee's salary reduction contributions, up to a limit of 3% of the employee's compensation for the entire calendar year.

The 3% limit on matching contributions is permitted to be reduced for a calendar year at the election of the employer, but only if: the limit is not reduced below 1%; the limit is not reduced for more than 2 years out of the 5-year period that ends with and includes the year for which the election is effective; and employees are notified of the reduced limit within a reasonable period of time before the 60-day election period during which employees can enter into salary reduction agreements as described below.

In determining whether the limit was reduced below 3% for a year, any year before the first year in which an employer (or a predecessor employer) maintains a SIMPLE plan will be treated as a year for which the limit was 3%. If an employer chooses to make nonelective contributions for a year in lieu of matching contributions, that year also will be treated as a year for which the limit was 3%.

2. Nonelective Contributions: Under a SIMPLE plan, an employer may make nonelective contributions in lieu of matching contributions. These nonelective contributions must be equal to 2% of each eligible employee's compensation for the entire calendar year, regardless of whether the employee elects to make salary reduction contributions for the calendar year. The employer may, but is not required to, limit nonelective contributions to eligible employees who have at least \$5,000 (or some lower amount selected by the employer) of compensation for the year. For purposes of this 2% nonelective contribution only, the compensation taken into account must be limited to the amount of compensation under section 401(a)(17) for the year. The following compensation limit is subject to cost-of-living increases in increments of \$5,000, rounded to the lower increment.

\$220,000 for 2006 \$225,000 for 2007 \$230,000 for 2008 \$245,000 for 2009 \$245,000 for 2010-2011 \$250,000 for 2012 \$255,000 for 2013 \$260,000 for 2014 \$265,000 for 2015-2016

An employer may substitute the 2% nonelective contribution for the matching contribution for a year only if eligible employees are notified within a reasonable period of time before the 60-day election period during which employees can enter into salary reduction agreements that a 2% nonelective contribution will be made instead of a matching contribution.

EMPLOYEE ELECTIONS: During the 60-day period immediately preceding January 1st of a calendar (i.e. November 2 to December 31 of the preceding calendar year), an eligible employee must be given the right to enter into a salary reduction agreement for the calendar year, or to modify a prior agreement (including reducing the amount subject to this agreement to \$0). However, for the year in which the employee becomes eligible to make salary reduction contributions, the period during which the employee may enter into a salary reduction agreement or modify a prior agreement is a 60-day period that includes either the date the employee becomes eligible or the day before that date. For example, if an employer establishes a SIMPLE plan effective as of July 1, 2010, each eligible employee becomes eligible to make salary reduction contributions on that date and the 60-day period must begin no later than July 1 and cannot end before June 30, 2010.

During these 60-day periods, employees have the right to modify their salary reduction agreements without restrictions. In addition, for the year in which an employee becomes eligible to make salary reduction contributions, the employee must be able to commence these contributions as soon as the employee becomes eligible, regardless of whether the 60-day period has ended. An employer may, but is not required to, provide additional opportunities or longer periods for permitting eligible employees to enter into salary reduction agreements or to modify prior agreements.

An employee must be given the right to terminate a salary reduction agreement for a calendar year at any time during the year even if this is outside a SIMPLE

plan's normal election period. The employer's SIMPLE plan may, however, provide that an employee who terminates a salary reduction agreement at any time other than the normal election period is not eligible to resume participation until the beginning of the next calendar year.

EMPLOYER ADMINISTRATIVE AND NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS: An employer must notify each employee, immediately before the employee's 60-day election period, of the employee's opportunity to enter into a salary reduction agreement or to modify a prior agreement. If applicable, this notification must disclose an employee's ability to select the financial institution that will serve as the trustee or custodian of the employee's SIMPLE IRA. Such notification must also include the Summary Description required under section 408(I)(2)(B). Such notification must also include whether the employer will be making either matching contributions (including the employer's election to reduce the matching contribution below 3%) or nonelective contributions as previously described.

If an eligible employee who is entitled to a contribution under the employer's SIMPLE plan is unwilling or unable to establish a SIMPLE IRA with any financial institution prior to the date on which the contribution is required to be made to the SIMPLE IRA of the employee, the employer may execute the necessary SIMPLE IRA documents on the employee's behalf with a financial institution selected by the employer.

The employer must deliver the salary reduction contributions to the financial institution maintaining the SIMPLE IRA as of the earliest date on which the contributions can reasonably be segregated from the employer's general assets, but no later than the close of the 30-day period following the last day of the month in which such amounts would otherwise have been payable to the employee in cash. In order to meet the earliest date standard, the DOL regulations provide for a 7-business day deadline for depositing the employee's salary deferral into their account.

Matching and nonelective employer contributions must be made to the financial institution maintaining the SIMPLE IRA no later than the due date for filing the employer's income tax return, including extensions, for the taxable year that includes the last day of the calendar year for which the contributions are made.

ROLLOVERS

ROLLOVER CONTRIBUTIONS FROM ANOTHER SIMPLE IRA: A rollover contribution to this SIMPLE IRA is only permitted from another SIMPLE IRA. A rollover contribution from another SIMPLE IRA is any amount the participant receives from one SIMPLE IRA and redeposits some or all of it into this SIMPLE IRA no later than 60 days following the date of receipt. The participant is not required to roll over the entire amount received from the first SIMPLE IRA. However, any amount you do not roll over will be taxed at ordinary income tax rates for federal income tax purposes and may also be subject to an additional tax if the distribution is a premature distribution described below.

ROLLOVER DISTRIBUTIONS FROM A SIMPLE IRA: A distribution from any SIMPLE IRA may be rolled over only to another SIMPLE IRA during the 2-year period the participant first participated in the employer's SIMPLE plan. Thus, a distribution from a SIMPLE IRA during that 2-year period qualifies as a rollover contribution (and is not includible in gross income of the participant) only if the distribution is paid into another SIMPLE IRA and satisfies the other requirements that apply to all IRA rollovers under section 408(d)(3). After this 2-year period, a distribution from a SIMPLE IRA may be rolled over to any IRA, or converted to a Roth IRA, maintained by the individual or to an employer plan, including a qualified plan, a 403(b) or a governmental 457(b) that accepts these types of rollovers. This 2-year period begins on the first day on which contributions made by the individual's employer are deposited in the individual's SIMPLE IRA.

SPECIAL RULES THAT APPLY TO ROLLOVERS:

- The rollover must be completed no later than the 60th day after the day the distribution was received by you.
- You may have only one IRA to IRA rollover during a 12 consecutive month period measured from the date you received a distribution of an IRA which was rolled over to another IRA. (See IRS Publication 590-A for more information).
- The same property you receive in a distribution must be the same property you roll over into the second IRA. For example, if you receive a distribution from an IRA of property, such as stocks, that same stock must be rolled over into the second IRA.
- You are required to make an irrevocable election indicating that this transaction will be treated as a rollover contribution.
- You are not required to receive a complete distribution from your IRA in order to make a rollover contribution into another IRA, nor are you required to roll over the entire amount you received from the first IRA.
- If you inherit an IRA due to the death of the participant, you may not roll this IRA into your own IRA unless you are the spouse of the decedent.
- If you are age 70 1/2 or older and wish to roll over to another IRA, you must first satisfy the minimum distribution requirement for that year and then the rollover of the remaining amount may be made.
- Rollover contributions to a SIMPLE IRA may not be made from a qualified plan, 403(b) plan, 457(b), or any other IRA that is not a SIMPLE IRA.

EXCESS DEFERRALS: Excess elective deferrals (amounts in excess of the "applicable" SIMPLE elective deferral limit for the year) are includible in your gross income in the calendar year of deferral. Income on the excess elective deferrals is includible in your income in the year of withdrawal from the SIMPLE IRA. You should withdraw excess elective deferrals and any allocable income, from your SIMPLE IRA by April 15 following the year to which the deferrals relate. These amounts may not be transferred or rolled over tax-free to another SIMPLE IRA. If you fail to withdraw excess elective deferrals, and any allocable income, by the following April 15th, the excess elective deferrals will be taxed the year of deferral and taxed again when distributed. Income on excess elective deferrals is includible in your gross income in the year you withdraw it from your IRA and must be withdrawn by April 15 following the calendar year to which the deferrals relate. Income withdrawn from the SIMPLE IRA after that date may be subject to a 10% tax (or 25% if withdrawn within the first 2 years of participation) on early distributions. The rules for determining and allocating income attributable to excess elective deferrals and other excess SIMPLE contributions are the same as those governing regular IRA excess contributions. The trustee or custodian of your SIMPLE IRA will inform you of the income allocable to such excess amounts.

DISTRIBUTIONS: In general, all distributions from a SIMPLE IRA are subject to federal income tax by the payee or distributee, whichever the case may be. When you start withdrawing from your SIMPLE IRA, you may take the distributions in regular payments, random withdrawals or in a single sum payment. Generally, all amounts distributed to you from your SIMPLE IRA are included in your gross income in the taxable year in which they are received. However, if you have made nondeductible contributions to any regular IRA as permitted under section 408(o) of the Code, the nontaxable portion of the distribution, if any, will be a percentage based upon the ratio of your unrecovered nondeductible contributions to the aggregate of all IRA balances, including SEP, SIMPLE and rollover contributions, as of the end of the year in which you take the distribution, plus distributions from the account during the year. All taxable distributions from your SIMPLE IRA are taxed at ordinary income tax rates for federal income tax purposes and are not eligible for either capital gains treatment or 10 year averaging. An employer may not require an employee to retain any portion of the contribution in the SIMPLE IRA or otherwise impose any withdrawal restrictions.

PREMATURE DISTRIBUTIONS: In general, if you are under age 59 1/2 and receive a distribution from your SIMPLE IRA account, a 10% additional income tax will apply to the taxable portion of the distribution, unless the distribution is received due to death; disability; a series of substantially equal periodic payments at least annually over your life expectancy or the joint life expectancy of you and your designated beneficiary; medical expenses that exceed 7.5% of your adjusted gross income; health insurance premiums paid by certain unemployed individuals; qualified acquisition costs of a first time home buyer; qualified higher education expenses; a qualifying rollover distribution; the timely withdrawal of an excess deferral plus income attributable; due to an IRS Levy; qualified hurricane distributions received prior to January 1, 2007; qualified disaster recovery distributions; or qualified reservist distributions. If you request a distribution in the form of a series of substantially equal payments, and you modify the payments before 5 years have elapsed and before attraining age 59 1/2, the 10% additional income tax will apply retroactively to the year payments began through the year of such modification. In addition, if you request a distribution from your SIMPLE IRA within your first 2 years of participation in the SIMPLE plan and none of the exceptions listed above applies to the distribution, the normal 10% additional income tax referred to earlier is increased to 25%.

AGE 70 1/2 REQUIRED MINIMUM DISTRIBUTIONS: You are required to begin receiving minimum distributions from your SIMPLE IRA by your required beginning date (the April 1 of the year following the year you attain age 70 1/2). The year you attain age 70 1/2 is referred to as your "first distribution calendar year". The required minimum for your first distribution calendar year must be withdrawn no later than your required beginning date. The required minimum for your second distribution calendar year and for each subsequent distribution calendar year must be made by December 31 of each such year. Your minimum distribution for each year beginning with the calendar year you attain the age of 70 1/2 is generally based upon the value of your account at the end of the prior year divided by the factor for your age derived from the Uniform Lifetime Distribution Period Table regardless of who or what entity is your named beneficiary and is more than 10 years younger than you, your required minimum distribution for each year is based upon the joint life expectancies of you and your spouse. The account balance that is used to determine each year's required minimum amount is the fair market value of each IRA you own as of the prior December 31st, adjusted for outstanding rollovers (or transfers) as of such prior December 31st.

However, no payment will be made from this SIMPLE IRA until you provide the Custodian with a proper distribution request acceptable by the Custodian. Upon receipt of such distribution request, you may switch to a joint life expectancy in determining the required minimum distribution if your spouse was your sole beneficiary as of the January 1st of the relevant distribution calendar year and such spouse is more than 10 years younger than you.

In any distribution calendar year you may take more than the required minimum. However, if you take less than the required minimum with respect to any distribution calendar year, you are subject to a Federal excise tax penalty of 50% of the difference between the amount required to be distributed and the amount actually distributed. If you are subject to that tax, you are required to file IRS Form 5329.

REPORTING THE REQUIRED MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION: Beginning for minimum distributions that are required for calendar 2003, the Custodian must provide a statement to each SIMPLE IRA owner who is subject to required minimum distributions that contains either the amount of the minimum or an offer by the Custodian to perform the calculation if requested by the SIMPLE IRA owner. The statement must inform the SIMPLE IRA owner that required minimum distributions apply and the date by which such amount must be distributed. The statement must further inform the SIMPLE IRA owner that beginning in 2004, the Custodian must report to the IRS that the SIMPLE IRA owner is required to receive a minimum for the calendar year.

DEATH DISTRIBUTIONS: If you die before your required beginning date and you have a designated beneficiary, the balance in your SIMPLE IRA will be distributed to your beneficiary over the beneficiary's single life expectancy. These distributions must commence no later than December 31st of the calendar year following the calendar year of your death. However, if your spouse is your sole beneficiary, these distributions are not required to commence until the December 31st of the calendar year you would have attained the age of 70 1/2, if that date is later than the required commencement date in the previous sentence. If you die before your required beginning date and you do not have a designated beneficiary, the balance in your SIMPLE IRA must be distributed no later than the December 31st of the calendar year that contains the fifth anniversary of your death.

If you die on or after your required beginning date and you have a designated beneficiary, the balance in your SIMPLE IRA will be distributed to your beneficiary over the longer of the beneficiary's single life expectancy or your remaining life expectancy. These distributions must commence no later than December 31st of the calendar year following the calendar year of your death. If you die on or after your required beginning date and you do not have a designated beneficiary, the balance in your SIMPLE IRA must be distributed over a period that does not exceed your remaining single life expectancy determined in the year of your death. However, the required minimum distribution for the calendar year that contains the date of your death is still required to be distributed. Such amount is determined as if you were still alive throughout that year.

If your spouse is your sole beneficiary, your spouse may elect to treat your SIMPLE IRA as his or her own SIMPLE IRA, whether you die before or after your required beginning date. If you die after your required beginning date and your spouse elects to treat your SIMPLE IRA as his or her own SIMPLE IRA, any required minimum that has not been distributed for the year of your death must still be distributed to your surviving spouse and then the remaining balance can be treated as your spouse's own SIMPLE IRA

PROHIBITED TRANSACTIONS: If you or your beneficiary engage in a prohibited transaction (as defined under Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code) with your SIMPLE IRA, it will lose its tax exemption and you must include the value of your account in your gross income for that taxable year. If you pledge any portion of your SIMPLE IRA as collateral for a loan, the amount so pledged will be treated as a distribution and will be included in your gross income for that year.

INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING: All withdrawals from your SIMPLE IRA (except a direct transfer) are subject to federal income tax withholding. You may, however, elect not to have withholding apply to your SIMPLE IRA distribution in most cases. If withholding does apply to your distribution, it is at the rate of 10% of the amount of the distribution.

DESIGNATED FINANCIAL INSTITUTION "DFI": In general, under section 408(p), an employer must permit an employee to select the financial institution for the SIMPLE IRA to which the employer will make all contributions on behalf of the employee. In this case, the financial institution is referred to as a "Non-DFI". Alternatively, under section 408(p)(7), an employer may require that all SIMPLE contributions initially be made to a single designated financial institution selected by the employer. In this case, the financial institution is referred to as a "DFI". Refer to your employer's SIMPLE Retirement Plan document to determine if the financial institution is a DFI or a Non-DFI.

USE OF A DESIGNATED FINANCIAL INSTITUTION "DFI" - If an employer requires that all SIMPLE contributions initially be made to a DFI, the following requirements must be met:

- 1. The employer and the financial institution must agree that the financial institution will be a DFI for the employer's SIMPLE plan;
- The DFI must agree that, if a participant elects before the expiration of the employee's 60-day election period, the participant's balance will be transferred without cost or penalty to another SIMPLE IRA (or after the 2-year period no longer applies, to any IRA) to a financial institution selected by the participant; and
- 3. Each participant is given written notification describing the procedures under which, if a participant so elects, the participant's balance will be transferred without cost or penalty to another SIMPLE IRA (or after the 2-year period no longer applies, to any IRA) to a financial institution selected by the participant.

If the participant elects before the expiration of the 60-day election period to have the balance transferred without cost or penalty as described above, such election is valid only with respect to the balance attributable to SIMPLE contributions for the calendar year following that 60-day election period (or, for the year in which an employee becomes eligible to make salary reduction contributions for the remainder of that year) and subsequent calendar years if such election so provides.

If the participant timely elects the transfer of the balance without cost or penalty as described above, the participant's balance must be transferred on a reasonably frequent basis, such as on a monthly basis. If a participant timely elects this transfer without cost or penalty, the Custodian reserves the right to restrict the investment to a specified investment option until transferred, even though a variety of investment options are available with respect to contributions that the participant has not elected to transfer.

A transfer is deemed to be made without cost or penalty if no liquidation, transaction, redemption or termination fee, or any commission, load (whether front-end or back-end) or surrender charge or similar fee or charge is imposed with respect to the balance being transferred that the participant has filed a timely election with the DFI. However, the DFI can charge a reasonable annual administrative fee to a SIMPLE IRA from which balances must be transferred in accordance with the participant's timely transfer election.

In order to timely elect a transfer without cost or penalty, the participant must indicate such election on the SIMPLE IRA Adoption Agreement attached hereto and must be received by the DFI no later than the expiration of the 60-day election period applicable to the employee. If the participant fails to timely elect such transfers without cost or penalty, the DFI reserves the right to charge any or all fees and expenses described in Section 8.05 of this SIMPLE IRA plan agreement.

USE OF A NON DESIGNATED FINANCIAL INSTITUTION "NON-DFI": If the employer's SIMPLE plan permits the participants to select their own financial institution to serve as trustee or custodian of the SIMPLE IRA, the rules explained above do not apply and the Custodian may charge any and all fees described in Section 8.05 of the SIMPLE IRA plan agreement.

TRANSFERS DEFINED: A direct transfer is a payment from this SIMPLE IRA directly to another trustee or custodian of a SIMPLE IRA (or, after the 2-year period no longer applies, to the trustee or custodian of any IRA). Transfers do not constitute a distribution since you are never in receipt of the funds. The monies are transferred directly to the new trustee or custodian. If you should transfer all or a portion of your SIMPLE IRA to your former spouse's IRA under a divorce decree (or under a written instrument incident to divorce) or separation instrument, you will not be deemed to have made a taxable distribution, but merely a transfer. The portion so transferred will be treated at the time of the transfer as the IRA of your spouse or former spouse. If your spouse is the beneficiary of your SIMPLE IRA, in the event of your death, your spouse may "assume" your SIMPLE IRA. The assumed IRA is then treated as your surviving spouse's IRA.

SUMMARY DESCRIPTION REQUIREMENTS: In general, the Custodian of any SIMPLE IRA must annually provide to the employer maintaining the SIMPLE plan a Summary Description early enough to allow the employer to meet its notification obligations. If the Custodian of this SIMPLE IRA is a DFI, the Summary Description will be provided directly to the employer by the Custodian in the underlying SIMPLE plan agreement. If the Custodian of this SIMPLE IRA is a Non-DFI, the Summary Description will be provided directly to the employee by the Custodian. The employee agrees to have the employer complete certain information contained on the Summary Description with respect to the employer's SIMPLE plan provisions. A sample Summary Description for a Non-DFI is located on the following page. The Custodian of a "transfer SIMPLE IRA" is not required to provide this Summary Description. A SIMPLE IRA is a "transfer SIMPLE IRA" if it is not a SIMPLE IRA to which the employer has made contributions under the SIMPLE plan.

PROCEDURES FOR WITHDRAWALS: All distributions from this SIMPLE IRA must be requested in writing on a form provided to the participant by the Custodian. After the withdrawal form has been completed and executed by the recipient, the form must be either hand-delivered to the Custodian during normal business hours or mailed to the Custodian by first class mail, certified or registered mail prepaid through the U.S. Postal Service, or through any means of an expedited delivery service. After receipt of a properly executed withdrawal form, the Custodian will process the distribution as soon as administratively feasible.

FEDERAL ESTATE AND GIFT TAXES: Generally, there is no specific exclusion for SIMPLE IRAs under the estate tax rules. Therefore, in the event of your death, your SIMPLE IRA balance will be includible in your gross estate for federal estate tax purposes. However, if your surviving spouse is the beneficiary of your SIMPLE IRA, the amount in your SIMPLE IRA may qualify for the marital deduction available under Section 2056 of the Internal Revenue Code. A transfer of property for federal gift tax purposes does not include an amount which a beneficiary receives from a SIMPLE IRA plan.

PENALTIES: If you are under age 59 1/2 and receive a premature distribution from your SIMPLE IRA, an additional 10% (or 25% for certain SIMPLE IRA distributions) income tax will apply on the taxable amount of the distribution. If you are age 70 1/2 or over or if you should die, and the appropriate required minimum distributions are not made from your SIMPLE IRA, an additional tax of 50% is imposed upon the difference between what should have been distributed and what was actually distributed.

IRS APPROVAL AS TO FORM: This SIMPLE IRA Custodial Agreement has been approved by the Internal Revenue Service as to form. This is not an endorsement of the plan in operation or of the investments offered.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: You may obtain further information on IRAs and SIMPLE IRAs from your District Office of the Internal Revenue Service. In particular you may wish to obtain IRS Publication 590-A and 590-B (Individual Retirement Arrangements).

SUMMARY DESCRIPTION FOR NON-DESIGNATED FINANCIAL INSTITUTION

Employer must complete the following:

ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

All Employees of the Employer shall be eligible to participate under the Plan except:

a. Employees included in a unit of employees covered under a collective bargaining agreement.

b. Non-resident alien employees who did not receive US source income.

□ c. Employees who are not reasonably expected to earn \$ (not to exceed \$5,000) during the Plan Year for which the contribution is being made. d. There are no eligibility requirements. All Employees are eligible to participate upon the later of the plan's effective date or the employee's date of hire.

Each Eligible Employee will be eligible to become a Participant after having worked for the Employer during any _____ prior years (not to exceed 2) and received _ in compensation (not to exceed \$5,000), during each of such prior years. at least \$_

WRITTEN ALLOCATION FORMULA

The Employer has agreed to provide contributions for the Plan Year as follows (complete only one choice):

 a. Matching Contribution - The amount of the Participant's Elective Deferral not in excess of 3% of such Participant's Compensation.
 b. Matching Contribution - The amount of the Participant's Elective Deferral not in excess of _____% (not less than 1% nor not in excess of _____%) % (not less than 1% nor more than 3%) of each Participant's Compensation

C. Nonelective Employer Contribution - 2% of each Participant's Compensation.

(insert Name & Title) to provide

The Employer has designated additional information to participants about the Employer's SIMPLE Plan.

GENERAL DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

The following information explains what a Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employees ("SIMPLE") is, how contributions are made, and how to treat these contributions for tax purposes. For more specific information, refer to the employer's SIMPLE Retirement Plan document itself. For a calendar year, you may make or modify a salary reduction election during the 60-day period immediately preceding January 1 of that year. However, for the year in which you first become eligible to make salary reduction contributions, the period during which you may make or modify the election is a 60 day period that includes either the date you become eligible or the day before. If indicated in your employer's SIMPLE plan, you may have additional opportunities during a calendar year to make or modify your salary reduction election

I. SIMPLE Retirement Plan and SIMPLE IRA Defined

A SIMPLE Retirement Plan is a retirement income arrangement established by your employer. Under this SIMPLE Plan, you may choose to defer compensation to your own SIMPLE Individual Retirement Account or Annuity ("IRA"). You may base these "elective deferrals" on a salary reduction basis that, at your election, may be contributed to a SIMPLE IRA or received in cash. This type of plan is available only to an employer with 100 or fewer employees who earned at least \$5,000 during the prior calendar year. A SIMPLE IRA is a separate IRA plan that you establish with an eligible financial institution for the purpose of receiving contributions under this SIMPLE Retirement Plan. Your employer must provide you with a copy of the SIMPLE agreement containing eligibility requirements and a description of the basis upon which contributions may be made. All amounts contributed to your IRA belong to you, even after you quit working for your employer.

II. Elective Deferrals - Not Required

You are not required to make elective deferrals under this SIMPLE Retirement Plan. However, if the Employer is matching your elective deferrals, no Employer contribution will be made on your behalf unless you elect to defer under the plan. III. Elective Deferrals - Annual Limitation

The maximum amount that you may defer under this SIMPLE Plan for any calendar year is limited to the lesser of the percentage of your compensation that you select or the following dollar limit, subject to cost-of-living increases.

Applicable Annual Dollar Limitations

<u>Tax Year</u>	Contribution Limit
2006	\$10,000
2007	\$10,500
2008	\$10,500
2009	\$11,500
2010-2012	\$11,500
2013-2014	\$12,000
2015-2016	\$12,500

If you work for other employers (unrelated to this Employer) who also maintain a salary deferral plan, there is an overall limit on the maximum amount that you may defer in each calendar year to all elective SEPs, cash or deferred arrangements under section 401(k) of the Code, other SIMPLE plans and 403(b) plans regardless of how many employers you may have worked for during the year. This limitation is referred to as the section 402(g) limit. The section 402(g) limit on elective deferrals is currently \$18,000 for 2016 and is indexed according to the cost of living. If you attain age 50 or over by the end of a calendar year, you can elect to have your compensation reduced by an additional "catch-up" amount of \$6,000 (limit for 2015 and 2016, subject to cost-of-living adjustments). IV. Elective Deferrals - Tax Treatment

The amount that you may elect to contribute to your SIMPLE IRA is excludible from gross income, subject to the limitations discussed above, and is not includible as taxable wages on Form W-2. However, these amounts are subject to FICA taxes.

V. Elective Deferrals - Excess Amounts Contributed

When "excess elective deferrals" (i.e., amounts in excess of the SIMPLE elective deferral limit or the section 402(g) limit) are made, you are responsible for calculating whether you have exceeded these limits in the calendar year. Excess elective deferrals are calculated on the basis of the calendar year.

VI. Excess Elective Deferrals - How to Avoid Adverse Tax Consequences Excess elective deferrals are includible in your gross income in the calendar year of deferral. Income on the excess elective deferrals is includible in your income in the year of withdrawal from the SIMPLE IRA. You should withdraw excess elective

deferrals and any allocable income, from your SIMPLE IRA by April 15 following the year to which the deferrals relate. These amounts may not be transferred or rolled over tax-free to another SIMPLE IRA. Income on excess elective deferrals is includible in your gross income in the year you withdraw it from your SIMIPLE IRA and must be withdrawn by April 15 following the calendar year to which the deferrals relate. Income withdrawn from the SIMPLE IRA after that date may be subject to a 10% tax (or 25% if withdrawn within the first 2 years of participation) on early distributions.

VII. Income Allocable To Excess Amounts

The rules for determining and allocating income attributable to excess elective deferrals and other excess SIMPLE contributions are the same as those governing regular IRA excess contributions. The trustee or custodian of your SIMPLE IRA will inform you of the income allocable to such excess amounts.

VIII. Availability of Regular IRA Contribution Deduction

In addition to any SIMPLE contribution, you may contribute to a separate IRA the lesser of 100% of compensation or the regular IRA contribution dollar limit to an IRA as a regular IRA contribution. However, the amount that you may deduct is subject to various limitations since you will be considered an "active participant" in an employersponsored plan. See Pub. 590-A and 590-B, "Individual Retirement Arrangement", for more specific information.

IX. SIMPLE IRA Amounts - Rollover or Transfer to another IRA

You may not roll over or transfer from your SIMPLE IRA any SIMPLE contributions (or income on these contributions) made during the plan year to another IRA (other than a SIMPLE IRA), convert to a Roth IRA or rollover to an employer plan until the 2 years following the date you first participated in the SIMPLE plan. Also, any distribution made before this time will be includible in your gross income and may also be subject to a 25% percent additional income tax for early withdrawal. You may, however, remove excess elective deferrals and income allocable to such excess amounts from your SIMPLE IRA before this time, but you may not roll over or transfer these amounts to another IRA

After the 2-year restriction no longer applies, you may withdraw, or receive, funds from your SIMPLE IRA, and no more than 60 days later, place such funds in another IRA or SIMPLE IRA. This is called a "rollover" and may not be done without penalty more frequently than at one-year intervals. However, there are no restrictions on the number of times that you may make "transfers" if you arrange to have such funds transferred between the Custodians so that you never have possession of the funds. You may not, however, roll over or transfer excess elective deferrals, and income allocable to such excess amounts from your SIMPLE IRA to another IRA. These excess amounts may be reduced only by a distribution to you.

X. Filing Requirements

You do not need to file any additional forms with the IRS because of your participation in your employer's SIMPLE Plan.

XI. Employer to Provide Information

Your employer must provide you with a copy of the executed SIMPLE agreement, a Summary Description, the form you should use to elect to defer amounts to your SIMPLE IRA, and a statement for each taxable year showing any contribution to your SIMPLE IRA

XII. Financial Institution Where IRA is Established to Provide Information

The financial institution must provide you with a disclosure statement that contains information described in section 1.408-6 of the regulations. The Disclosure Statement that is a part of this SIMPLE IRA account documentation must be read in conjunction with this Summary Description for Non-Designated Financial Institutions. The Disclosure Statement contains important information about the SIMPLE plan rules and the contents of such Disclosure Statement are incorporated herein by reference. See Publication 590-A and 590-B, "Individual Retirement Arrangements", which is available at most IRS offices, for a more complete explanation of the disclosure requirements. In addition to the disclosure statement, the financial institution is required to provide you with a financial statement each year. It may be necessary to retain and refer to statements for more than one year in order to evaluate the investment performance of your IRA and in order that you will know how to report IRA distributions for tax purposes.

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